Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum.

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Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

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EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

GOV. HAMILTON, of Maryland, is talked of as the Democratic "dark horse" for the Presidential nomination.

MICHIGAN is an unexpected recruit for Blaine. A canvass of sixty towns shows: Blaine, 1,600; Grant, 827; Sherman, 611; Washburn, 56.

SENATOR BLAINE refuses to help along a weak boom by anchoring his vigorous boom to it. This is sensible. Let every man stand on his own boom.

ANOTHER rumor that Mr. Tilden's health is very feeble has been started. His friends are not very badly scared, however, since it originated in an anti-Tilden journal.

THE New York *Herald's* contribution to the Irish relief fund exceeds, by several thousand dollars, that of the combined subscription of the royal family of England.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., and other neighboring towns, were visited by a terrific tornado February 12. Property to the amount of $100,000 was destroyed in Nashville alone.

THERE seems to be a silence among some of the Democratic leaders of New York. They are probably awaiting further orders from general manager Tilden.

THE Sons of St. Patrick, of New York, have concluded to forego their parade and dinner on the 17th of March, and donate instead $2,500 to the Irish relief fund. A very sensible conclusion.

THE President has issued a proclamation warning all persons not to attempt to invade the Indian Territory this year. If necessary to enforce the law in this matter the assistance of the military forces of the United States will be invoked.

HERE is a chance for single women to improve their condition. A Dakota newspaper says: "Dakota wants women; would like to have them healthy, handsome and young." It strikes us that choosers should not be quite so particular, though.

SENATORS CONKLING and Blaine were guests at a banquet given in honor of Senator Jones by ex-Senator Dorsey, of Arkansas, at Delmonico's, New York, one night last week. Senator Cameron was also present. No presidential talk was indulged in, which was not at all strange.

THE Harrisburg *Patriot* is beginning to squirm. It says the Republican party in this State is ready for action, while the Democrats have not even taken any steps towards holding a State convention. This is very sensible on the part of the Democrats. They probably foresee that it won't make any difference in the end whether they hold a convention or not, which is a correct view of it.

ANOTHER attempt was made, on Tuesday evening of last week, to assassinate the Czar of Russia, by exploding a mine, filled with dynamite and gun-cotton, in the basement of the Winter Palace. It was evidently the intention of the conspirators to explode the mine while the royal family was at supper, and had not the Czar been engaged at the time in a political controversy with his advisors, thereby delaying the meal a few moments, the plot would no doubt have been successful, as the force of the explosion was terrific. The floor of the dining apartment was blown up, and the glass in the palace and adjoining buildings shattered to pieces. From all accounts it seems reasonable to suppose that the plot originated in the palace, as forty inmates were arrested the day before the explosion for suspicious movements.

A Blast for Blaine.

A gentleman belonging to the Republican County Committee handed us a letter last Monday from another member of the committee at Snow Shoe, asking if it would not be well for a call to be issued for a mass meeting of Republicans at the April court, to take into consideration the action of the Harrisburg convention in instructing the delegates to the National Convention against the wishes of the people? He says we are one of the misrepresented counties, and that an expression of the will of the people would have a good effect throughout the State; that the agitation ought to be kept up, and further suggests that we should open correspondence with Clearfield and Lock Haven. This letter comes from one of the staunchest Republicans of that section; a man in whom the people have confidence because he is always staunch and true and honest, not afraid to maintain the right on all occasions. He has but one fault, viz, he is not a subscriber to the REPUBLICAN; so, perhaps, will never know that we have given his views on this question to the world. But would it not be well for Republican leaders to pause before they have cast the dye that makes such men lukewarm supporters of our ticket in 1880. Such men will not be driven where their consciences and sence of right will not lead them. They are the soul of our party; they believe in the eternal justice of our principle; but upon this third term question they have grave doubts. They are wedded to the customs established by the fathers and will be slow to yield to the pressure that is now being brought to ignore them. We believe the success of the Republican party is necessary to the salvation of the republic; therefore we lift a warning voice against ignoring the expressed preference of nine-tenths of the Republican party of the State. The almost unanimous desire of the party in this State is, that Blaine shall be nominated at Chicago. Is it possible that our leaders cannot see the handwriting on the wall? In the same letter, we received the following slip which explains itself.

At a largely-attended joint town convention of the Republicans of Renovo, Clinton county, last week, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That we disapprove of the action of the Republican State Convention at Harrisburg in instructing their delegates to vote as a unit for U. S. Grant.

Resolved, That the County Committee be requested to call a meeting and confer with the other County Committees of this Congressional district and instruct the delegates to the National Convention at Chicago to set aside the instructions given by the State Convention and cast their vote for James G. Blaine as the choice of the Republican voters of this district.

Resolved, That we return our sincere thanks to the delegates from this district for the able manner in which they represented their constituents.

The Curtin Contest.

There is a report that Mr. Field, a Republican from Massachusetts, on the committee on contested seats, is to offer a second minority report that will be unfavorable to Yocum. If this is so, it would seem that Mr. Yocum's chance of retaining his seat is very small. If he does not have the united support of the Republicans and Greenbackers it will be almost impossible for him to obtain Democratic votes enough to retain him in his seat. There is also a report that he is placed in an unfavorable position in relation to the Donnelly contest. Washburn, the sitting member, is a Republican, and was elected by three thousand majority, but if he can be unseated it will give the State delegation to the Democrats in case the next Presidential contest is thrown into the House, therefore they are determined to seat his opponent, Donnelly. The Greenbackers in caucus have decided to support the claims of Donnelly; of course the Republicans are earnest to retain Washburn. As to the justice of Washburn's claims to his seat there is no room for a reasonable doubt. But if Yocum votes for him to retain his seat, he will offend both Democrats and his own little crowd of Greenbackers; if he votes for Donnelly he will lose the support of many Republicans. It is said, therefore, he has attempted to dodge the question by coming home, claiming that he had sickness in his family. The Philadelphia *Times*, of last Saturday, asserts this, and calls it a trick, and that it was suspected and a telegram sent to a "respectable party" in Bellefonte, to which the following reply came:

BELLEFONTE, Feb. 19

To ——, Washington, D. C.
Physicians know of no sickness in Yocum's family.

The *Times* further alleges that "this trick of Yocum has greatly disgusted both sides with him, and the second minority report made by Field cuts up his claim by the roots. He will now be forced to come back and take his position on the Donnelly-Washburn issue. The Republicans will demand his open pledge to support Washburn, and the Greenback members will demand a like pledge to support Donnelly, as both feel quite sure that he is capable of cheating either."

We are an impartial looker-on in this matter. Neither of the contestants are Republicans, but in justice to Mr. Yocum we must say that we believe the telegram mentioned above to be a trick, and the responsible party a very irresponsible party, for while he may have told the truth in part, he intended it to carry a lie concealed under the garb of truth. We have made inquiry in regard to the matter, and learned that Mr. Yocum's family was sick, and that he did not leave for home until he had received two very urgent letters from his wife to do so. "Let justice be done, though the heavens fall."

A Reform in School Government.

Philadelphia is moving toward a superintendency of public schools. It is rather strange that the second city in the United States should trundle along with the old broken down system of local oversight of schools by board committees. If the good people of the Quaker city could pay better wages to its teachers and place their best men in the office of superintendent "with power," it would be the most practical public economy that could be inaugurated. And if school boards of the several boroughs and townships of Centre county would delegate all their powers of hiring teachers and fixing their compensation to one *good man*, they would do the most sensible thing that has been done in this county since the first settler commenced to war with the old primeval forests.

It is a fact which the school boards, the teachers, or any one else interested will not or cannot deny, that fitness for the position is seldom or never the recommendation which secures a teacher his or her position, or when secured, keeps them there. And further, it is no consideration of public economy or desire to benefit the schools which decides the salaries that shall be paid. What is it then? We answer simply, political influence without regard to anything else. Some man is elected to the school board to secure the appointment of a certain person as teacher. When elected, he trades with the other members of the board. There are several teachers to be elected. There is a president and secretary of the board to elect. He says to one, "if you will vote for Miss —— for teacher, I will support you for secretary;" and the same to the candidate for president, and the same to other members of the board. "You vote for my candidate and I will vote for yours," and whether the applicant is qualified or not is not thought of. Then the question of pay comes up; the board feels an inward consciousness that some persons at least have been chosen that are hardly fit to be a "pot slinger" in a first-class kitchen, and if such a person receives twenty-five or thirty dollars a month, it is good pay for them. The candidate will be satisfied with it, and he, (the director,) will have an opportunity to show how careful he looks after the moneys of the people, and he votes for low wages enough, we admit, for the kind of teachers selected, but not enough for such teachers as should be in our public schools. Therefore our schools suffer, and our children suffer all their lives that a lot of small-souled, local politicians may make their little point at the expense of us all. Would it not be better if one good, intelligent, independent, honest man had charge of this whole business; one who would know the right, and knowing, would dare to do without fear of favor?

West Ward Election.

Why the West Ward Republicans should have deliberately thrown away the most important part of their ticket, viz, Councilman and School Director, would be hard to explain in any way that would redound to their credit. The candidate for school director, Mr. Williams, and the candidate for Council, (long term,) Mr. Shortlidge, are acknowledged to be first-class men by all parties. Mr. Shortlidge has been tried for two terms and pronounced by all to be one of the best councilmen our borough ever had, and yet he was defeated in a Republican ward by ten votes, and a man chosen in his place whom no one, not even his most earnest supporters, pretends will be up to the average, and more than this, he is one of the most uncompromising boorbon Democrats to be found in the county. We know it will be said by a great many fair minded men, that politics should not weigh in such a contest. But if this is so, then why make party nominations? If our party does not want to support their nominations, then they should not make any, for the bitterness engendered in these local contests is carried into the more important elections of county, State and nation, and often result in a loss of votes when an important principle is at stake. In the question under consideration, the renegade Republicans of the West ward neither considered party fealty or the quality or fitness of the men. Mr. Shortlidge has been an honest worker for the public good. He has given more thought to borough affairs than any other man in the Council. He has introduced reforms that have resulted in great savings of the people's money. Giving the matter much thought, he was able to point out where leakages were, and when he did, the Council being all men of business and shrewdness, were ready to adopt his measures. In this way he took a leading part, and as a consequence, he excited the envy not of his co-workers in the Council, but of those little minds to be found everywhere, who, while always growling because men have not the independence to do right, always try to defeat any man who *has* independence enough to do right without fear or favor.

We doubt not there are some Republicans who would change their votes if they now had the power to do it. And it is often so in our local elections. And there are others who boast of their independence—poor fools—not knowing that they have belittled themselves by allowing personal spite to control their actions or have been the tools of designing men. Then there were other influences brought; one colored man was told by his employer that if he did not vote for McQuistion he would not be given any more work. There is also a rumor that one colored voter was given a sack of flour the night before election, the consideration being that he should vote for McQuistion. Men who had some influence over what is called the floating vote, and men who thought they had, from all over town came into the West ward to war against Shortlidge, and the result of all their efforts has been to prove that he is one of the strongest men that the party has in the ward.

OUR EUROPEAN LETTER.

From our regular Correspondent.

BERLIN, Germany, Feb. 10, '80.

The mystery which is still hanging over the negotiations between Germany and Austria-Hungary in view of a settlement of the intended treaty of commerce, forms a subject of no mean preoccupations. According to a recent official announcement the old stipulations will remain in force for the next six months, during which time nobody in the land will be any the wiser about what next. The new treaty will be worked up by all the confirmed red-tape spinners on both sides, and be communicated to the parties most interested in the matter, after being irrevocably fixed and signed in compliance with the Chancellor's orders.

Much has been said, and too much perhaps cannot be said, of the unhappy position of the Czar of Russia. But the second personage in the State is hardly less unhappily situated than its head, while in one particular the case of the Czarwitch possesses a special claim to commiseration. He is believed to be in sympathy with the party of reform in Russia, and in political disagreement with the Czar as regards the expediency of attempting to remodel the institutions of the empire in a constitutional sense. At the present moment, therefore, when a cause with which he is known to sympathize is being associated with and disgraced by the crimes of revolutionary conspiracy the position of the Czarwitch has of course become a most painful one. Profound compassion must be felt by a son who is condemned to see the life of his father again and again attempted by men whose political demands he is supposed to favor, and whose criminal methods of asserting them he can do nothing to check. Yet more complete becomes the misery of this situation when he feels that, though differences of opinion have in no degree affected his personal relations with his father, it is impossible for him to impose silence on the gossips who assert that political discord has led to mutual estrangement.

Political anarchy has reached its climax in Bulgaria, whose Sovereign is obliged to ask aid and counsel from his protector, the Czar, against his turbulent subjects. Prince Alexander von Battenburg has not been seated long upon the throne, but, during his reign of something less than a twelve month he has learned how utterly absurd was the hope of those who expected that a Constitution and a Parliament, although hedged around with every possible theoretical guarantee, could suffice to keep in order a nationality ignorant of the most fundamental principles of self-government. Slaves for more than four centuries, the Bulgarians, to the astonishment of no one more than themselves, suddenly were told that they must henceforth and forever be their own rulers. They did not know what they were expected to do, and as the few individuals among them with education are either Russian emissaries or Socialist apostles, the consequences have been precisely what might have been expected. Everything is in turmoil and confusion, and the man who organized the Principality before it was endorsed with a regular Prince, General Doudoukoff Karsakoff, is promised as a mentor to the young Sovereign, by whom it was made a condition for his return to Sofia. Prince Doudoukoff is very popular in Bulgaria; he is not, perhaps, *suaviter in modes*, but he certainly is *fortiter in re*, and he understands the people with whom he has to deal for the Slaves are not as other men are, but require wholesome coersion at times, even including judicious applications of the knout, for which they bear no malace in their hearts, regarding it as the simple outward manifestation of their master's will. This, indeed, is the key to the situation; the Bulgarians need a master whose iron hand must not necessarily be provided with any glove, velvet or otherwise; and the Russians, knowing this, made no difficulty in evacuating the country which they had conquered, and whither they were intimately persuaded of a speedy recall. All the recent disturbances will be assailed by the Russophobes of Russian intrigues, and though this accusation may be somewhat exaggerated, at all events the Russians will profit by a situation which they only were able to foresee and appreciate, because by the Russians alone has the question of possible Oriental complications been intelligently studied. LOUIS.

THE West Ward of this borough is generally Republican on a strict party vote by from ten to fifteen majority, and yet they elected two Democratic Councilmen. They must feel very proud of their work as they look back upon it.

Colorado Railroads and Railroad Traveling.

BY L. G. CALKINS.

* * * * * After a very grave council, it was agreed to take the Chicago and North-Western and Union Pacific Railroads to Denver, at present the booming city of this country, if not of the world.

At 10:30 a. m. we were most comfortably seated in one of the celebrated, and I may say world-renowned, hotel cars of the Chicago and North-Western Railroad, and, of course, our first topic of conversation, as it seemed to be with every one after being seated for the first time in really a palace hotel on wheels, was to discuss the situation.

We had heard of these magnificent hotel cars, run only on this road, but must frankly confess had never fully understood the maximum amount of comfort and luxury in railroad traveling until this trip from Chicago to Council Bluffs. The interior construction of the car is simply exquisite, and for neatness in appearance and order in all its arrangements there is perhaps nothing on this continent its equal.

It being nearly noon when we embarked, we did not have to wait long to have our curiosity gratified as to the arrangements of the culinary department of this institution. An Englishman sitting just opposite, after enjoying a sumptuous repast in the most leisurely manner, exclaimed: "This way of traveling is simply perfect." We ate as slow as we pleased of food evidently prepared with more than ordinary skill.

Meals are served on the European plan—pay for what you have—so that a traveler does not have to pay seventy-five cents for a cup of tea and a little toast.

But one of the marked features and crowning characteristics of this road is its *safety*.

The rapidity with which a train of cars moves very naturally suggests the idea of danger to one not accustomed to such rapid traveling.

I had heard the statement that the Chicago and North-Western Railroad was the safest in the country. Whether that be true or not, Mr. Editor, I observed two or three facts which I deem it proper to refer to in this connection, for *safety* in railroad traveling is a consideration of no small moment.

First, the road-bed seems to be a perfect one, with steel rails the entire distance from Chicago to Council Bluffs, hence its firm and substantial character is very readily realized as the train passes over it.

Another feature I noticed was the most perfect condition of the cars run on this road. The coaches all had the appearance of just coming from the shop, and seemingly in the most complete order for service and safety.

Another feature of safety was the kind of men employed to run the trains. They were evidently not of ordinary stock, but were selected as men worthy to be trusted with the lives of hundreds and thousands of people. There was an air of business and stability about them that gives a traveler a feeling of trust and confidence.

Mr. Editor, I have been thus specific on the question of the safety of this road, for this is one of the first things that a traveling public desire to be assured of, and I am satisfied that the company controlling this great and important line spares no pains or expense to make this feature of their road all the public can ask or demand, and this is why this road is so neatly or entirely free from reports of accidents.

In going westward we passed through some of the most interesting portions of Iowa in the night, but in returning had a fair opportunity to see some of the finest country in the world in that State along the line of this road.

At home and abroad, Iowa stands as one of the finest farming States in the Union, and the broad acres of growing crops are certainly a rich feast for the eyes. The fields of corn were simply immense, and the herds of fine cattle indicated great thrift and prosperity. And the general appearance of houses, barns, yards, shrubbery, etc., showed that men of enterprise and intelligence had sought and were beautifying homes in this land of plenty.

After a most agreeable ride of less than twenty-four hours, we arrived at the Union Pacific Railroad depot, one of the liveliest and most interesting places in all Christendom, about 9:30 a. m.—*The Investigator, August*, 1879.

THE New Hampshire State Convention, to elect delegates to the Republican National Convention, will be held May 6th. There is a strong feeling in that quarter that the delegates should go to Chicago unpledged.

From the London *Truth*: "A lady on horseback has a better seat than a man. The third pomel gives her a firmer grip on the saddle. With the present fashion of short, close habits, it is almost impossible for a lady to be dragged in case of a fall."

Poetry.

A MYSTERY.

BY MARY C. BARTLETT.

Phil by mother's bed was sitting,
Playing nurse, while Bess was flitting
Shyly, slyly, in and out,
Hiding now, with saucy pout,
Sparkling eyes, and sunny hair,
Deep in Grandma's apron, where.
'Mid soft folds of dainty wrapping,
Lay the baby—napping, napping.
Then, with merry laughter, springing,
Through the room her sweet voice ringing,
As she chattered, gayly scorning
Philie's anxious look and warning.

"Can't I wake her, Grandma, never?
S'posin' she should sleep forever!
And do tell me, Grandma dear,
How the baby came down here,
Did she walk, or did she ride?
Did she run, or did she slide?
Did she jump, or did she fly
Like a birdie from the sky?
Tell me, Grandma, tell me true;
Did you see her comin' froo?"

All important then rose Philie:
"Nonsense, Bessie! Don't be silly.
I can tell you all about it.
Bridget says—and I don't doubt it—
That the baby came from heaven,
At exactly half-past 'leven
Thursday night. The angels brought her
To the door, and Grandpa caught her
In his arms and held her tight.
While she kissed them all good-night.
Grandpa guessed what they were bringing,
'Cause he heard the angels singing."

Softly Bessie's blue eyes glistened,
Growing larger as she listened,
Nothing doubting. Sure 'twas meet
Heaven should send a boon so sweet.
Yes, she knew the angels brought her;
But, if she had only caught her,
If she had only had a sight
Of those shining garments white,
Just a glimpse. Oh! well she knew
She'd have kept the angels too.
How she wished she'd heard them singing
But just then there came a ringing
At the door. Quick Philie started,
Cheeks aglow and lips half-parted;
While, with golden tresses flying,
Followed Bessie, wildly crying:
"Hurry, Philie! Hurry, brother!
P'r'aps the angels brought another!"

—*The Independent.*

Our Story Teller.

The Three Traveling Bags.

There were three of them, all of shining black, one on the top of the pile of trunks, one on the ground and one in the owner's hand, all going to Philadelphia, waiting to be checked.

The last bell rang. The baggageman bustled, fuming from one pile of baggage to another, dispensing chalk to trunks, checks to the passengers and curses to the porters, in approved railway style.

"Mine — Philadelphia!" cried a stout, military-looking man with enormous whiskers and a red-face, crowding forward, as the baggageman laid his hand on the traveling bag.

"Won't you please to give me a check for this now?" entreated a pale, slender, carefully-dressed man, for the ninth time, holding out bag No. 2; "I have a lady to look after."

"Say! be you going to give me a check for this ere or not?" growled the proprietor of bag No. 3, a short, pox-marked man in a shabby overcoat.

"All right, gentlemen. Here you are," says the functionary, rapidly distributing the checks.

"Philadelphia, this?"

"Yes, sir—1092—1740—1020. All right."

"All aboard!" shouted the conductor. And the train moved slowly out of the station.

The baggage man meditatively watched it as it sped away in the distance, and then, as if a thought suddenly struck him, slapped his thigh and exclaimed:

"Blest if I don't believe—"

"What?" inquired the switchman.

"That I've gone and gave them three last fellows the wrong checks. The cussed little fellows were all black and bothered me."

"Telegraph," said the switchman.

"Never you mind," replied the baggageman. "They was all going to Philadelphia. They will find out when they get there."

They did.

The scene shifts to the Continental Hotel, Philadelphia. Front parlor upstairs. Occupants, the young gentleman alluded to as No. 2, and the young lady. In accordance with the first usages of the times, the twain had been made one in matrimony at 7:40 A. M., duly kissed and congratulated till 8:15, put aboard the express at 8:45, and deposited, bag and baggage, at the Continental at 11:58.

They were seated on the sofa, the black broadcloth sleeve encircling the slender waist of the gray traveling dress, and the jetty moustache in equally affectionate proximity to the glossy curls.

"Won't they be glad to see us at George's?" said the lady.

"Of course they will."

"I'm sure I shall enjoy it so much. Shall we get there to-night?"

"Yes, love, if—"

Rap, rap, rap, at the door.

A hasty separation took place between man and wife to opposite ends of the sofa; then, "Come in."

"An' ye please, sur, it's an M. P. is waiting to see yez."

"To see me?—a policeman."

"Yes, sir."

"There must be some mistake."

"No, sur, it's yourself, and he's waiting in the hall beyant."

"Well, I'll go to—no, tell him to come here."

"Sorry to disturb you, sir," said the M. P., with a large brass star on his breast, appearing with great alacrity at the waiter's elbow. "I believe that is your black valise?"

"Yes, that is ours, certainly. It is Julia's; the lady's things are in it."

"Suspicious circumstances about that valise, sir. Telegraph came this morning that a burglar started on the 8:45 Philadelphia train with a lot of silver spoons in a black valise. Spoons marked T. B. Watched at the ferry. Follow it up here. Took a peep inside. Sure enough there were the spoons: marked T. B. too. Said it was yours. Shall have to take you in charge."

"Take me in charge?" echoed the bridegroom. "But I assure you, dear sir, there is some mistake—it's all a mistake."

"S'pose you'll be able to account for the spoons being in your valise, then?"

"Why—I—it isn't mine; it must be somebody else's; somebody has put them in here; it is some villainous conspiracy."

"Hope you'll be able to tell a straighter story before the magistrate, young man; because if you don't you stand a smart chance of being sent up for three months."

"Oh, Charles! this is horrid. Do send him away. Oh, dear! I wish I was home," sobbed the little bride.

"I tell you, sir," said the bridegroom, bristling with indignation, "this is a vile plot. What would I be doing with your paltry spoons? I was married this morning in Fifth avenue, and I am on my wedding tour. I have high relations in New York. You'll repent it if you dare arrest me."

"Oh, come now," said the incredulous official, "I've heard stories like that before. This ain't the first time swindlers have traveled in couples; do you s'pose I don't know nothing? 'Taint no use; you've just got to come to the station-house. Might as well go peaceably, 'cause you have to."

"Charles, this is perfectly dreadful! Our wedding night in the station-house! Do send for somebody. Send for the landlord to explain it."

The landlord was sent for and came; the waiters and chamber-maids and bar room loungers came without being sent for, and filled the room and adjoining hall—some to laugh, and some to say they wouldn't have believed it, but nearly all to exult that the pair had been "found out." No explanation could be given, and the upshot was, in spite of tears, threats, rage and expostulations, the unfortunate newly-married pair were taken in charge by the relentless police and marched down stairs en route to the police office.

And here let the curtain drop on the melancholly scene while we follow the fortunes of the black valise No. 2.

When the train stopped at Camden four gentlemen got off and walked arm-in-arm, rapidly and silently, up one of the by-streets and struck off into a footpath leading into a secluded grove outside the town. Of the first two one was our military friend in a blue coat, apparently the leader of the party. Of the second two, one was carrying a black valise. their respctive companions walked with hasty, irregular strides, were abstracted, and apparently ill at ease.

The party stopped.

"This is the place," said Captain Jones.

"Yes," said Dr. Smith.

The captain and the doctor conferred together. The other two studiously kept apart.

"Very well. I'll measure the ground and do you place your man."

It was done.

"Now for the pistol," whispered the captain to his fellow-second.

"They are all ready in the valise," replied the doctor.

The principles were placed ten paces apart and wore that decidedly uncomfortable air a man has who is in momentary expectation of being shot dead.

"You will fire, gentleman, simultaneously, when I give the word," said the captain. Then in an undertone to the doctor:

"Quick, the pistols."

The doctor, stooping over and fumbling at the valise, appeared to discover something which surprised him.

"Why, what the devil—"

"What's the matter?" asked the captain, striding up. "Can't you find the caps?"

"Deuce a pistol or a cap but this." He held up—a lady's nightcap.

"Look here—and here!" holding up, successively, a hair brush, a long white nightgown, a cologne bottle and a comb.

They were greeted with a long, loud whistle by the captain, a blank stare by the principals.

"Confound the luck," ejaculated the captain; "if we haven't made a mistake, and brought the wrong valise."

The principals looked at the seconds. The seconds looked at the principals. Nobody volunteered a suggestion.

At last the doctor inquired: "Well, what is to be done?"

"D—d unlucky!" again ejaculated the captain; "the duel can't go on."

"Evidently not," responded the doctor, "unless they brain each other with the hair brush, or take a pop at each other with the cologne bottle."

"You are quite sure there are no pistols in the valise?" said one of the principals, with suppressed eagerness, and drawing a long breath of evident relief.

"We must go over to the city and get the pistols," proposed the captain.

"And by that time it will be dark," said the doctor.

"Very unlucky."

"We shall be the laughing stock of the town, consolingly remarked the doctor, "if this gets wind."

"One word with you, doctor," here interposed the principal.

They conferred.

At the end of the conference with his principal, the doctor advanced to the captain and conferred with him. Then the captain conferred with his principal. Then the seconds conferred with each other.

Finally, it was formally agreed between the contending parties that a statement would be drawn up in writing, whereby principal No. 1 tendered the assurance that the offensive words—"You are a liar"—were not used by him in any personal sense but solely as an abstract proposition, in a general way, in regard to the matter or fact under dispute. To which principal No. 2 appended his statement of his high gratification at this candid and honorable explanation and unqualifiedly withdrew the offensive words—"You are a scoundrel"—they having been used by him under misapprehension of the intent and purpose of the remark with which he had preceded them.

There being no longer a cause for quarrel, the duel was of course ended. The principals shook hands, first with each other, next with the seconds, and were evidently very glad to get out of it.

"And now that it is so happily settled," said the doctor, chuckling and rubbing his hands, "it proves to have been a lucky mistake after all, that we brought the wrong valise. Wonder what the lady who owns it will say when she opens it and sees the pistols?"

"Very well for you to laugh about," growled the captain, "but it's no joke for me to lose my pistols. Hair triggers—best English make and gold mounted. There ain't a finer pair of shooters in America."

"Oh, we will find them. We will go on a pilgrimage from house to house, asking if any lady there has lost her night cap and found a pair of duelling pistols."

In very good spirits the party crossed the river, and inquired at the baggage room in reference to each and all black leather traveling bags, that arrived that day—took notes of where they were sent and set out to follow them up. In due time they reached the Continental, and, as luck would have it, met the unhappy bridal pair just coming down stairs in charge of the detective.

"What's the meaning of all this?" inquired the captain.

"Oh, a couple of burglars caught with a valise of stolen property."

"A valise—what kind of valise?"

"A black leather valise. That is it there."

"Here! Stop! Halloo! Police! Landlord! It's all right. You are all wrong. It is all a mistake. They got changed at the depot. That lady and gentleman are innocent. Here is their valise, with her night-cap in it."

Great was the laughter, multifarious the comments, and deep the interest of the crowd in all this dialogue, which they appeared to regard as a delightful entertainment, got up expressly for their amusement.

"Then you say this here thing is yours?" said the detective, relaxing his hold upon the bridegroom and confronting the captain.

"Yes, it is mine."

"And how did you come by these spoons?"

"Spoons, you jackanapes!" said the captain, "dueling pistols."

"Do you call these pistols?" said the policeman holding up to view one of the spoons marked T. B.

The captain, astonished, gasped, "It is the wrong valise again, after all."

"Stop, not so fast," said the police functionary, now invested with great dignity by the importance of the affair he found himself engaged in. "If so be as how you've got the lady's valise, she is all right, and can go. But in that case this is yours, and it comes on you to account for them as stolen spoons. Have to take you in charge, all four of ye."

"Why, you impudent scoundrel," roared the captain. "I wish I had my pistols here, I'd teach you to insult a gentleman," shaking his fist.

The dispute waxed fast and furious. The outsiders began to take part in it, and there is no telling how it would have ended had not an explosion followed by a heavy fall and a scream of pain been heard in the adjoining room. The crowd rushed to the scene of the new attraction.

The door was fast. It was soon burst open and the mystery explained. The thief who had carried off the captain's valise by mistake for his own, had taken it up to his room and opened it to gloat over the contents he supposed it to contain, thrusting his hands in after the spoons. In doing so the pistol had gone off, the bullet making a round hole through the side of the valise and a corresponding wound in the calf of his leg.

The wounded rascal was taken in charge, first by the detective and then the doctor; and the duelists and the wedding pair struck up a friendship on the ground of their mutual mishap, which culminated in a supper where the fun was abundant, and where it would be hard to say which was in the best spirits—the captain for recovering his pistols, the bride for getting her nightcap, the bridegroom for escaping the station-house, or the duelists for escaping each other. All resolved to "mark that day with a white stone," and henceforth to mark their names on their black traveling bags in white letters.

The divorce committee of the French Chamber of Deputies has reported in favor of allowing divorce by mutual consent when the wife is more than forty-five years old, and has been married more than twenty years.

Mrs. J. J. Astor recently sent out from the office of the New York children's aid society 100 homeless children to homes in the South and West at an expense of $1,500.

Sun Sports.

The sun is becoming an object of great interest to observers, and the minimum sun-spot period is drawing to a close. During the greater part of the winter spots have been visible on the sun's face. An observation made several days ago revealed three widely separated spots or groups, forming an immense triangle. Two of the spots were quite large and surrounded with broad penumbræ. The spots were very black. The presence of spots on the sun can be easily ascertained without danger to the eye, by those possessing telescopes of even moderato power. Let a broad, round pasteboard screen, with a whole in the center for the eye-piece to pass through, be attached to the telescope. In the shadow of this screen, and about two feet or eighteen inches from the eye piece, place a white paper screen. This screen can be supported by a simple contrivance, so it shall be nearly at right angles to the telescope tube as directed to the sun; or a paper may be pinned to the side of a building, if no great accuracy is desired. An eye-piece magnifying from twenty to a hundred diameters is best for the purpose. Focus the sun's image on the screen so the edge shall appear sharp as it crosses the field of the telescope. The dark spots which move across the screen with the sun's image can be readily detected and carefully focussed so their full outlines will appear provided the magnifying power is sufficient. This is a safe way of observing sun spots, and it requires but little preparation. A better way would be to throw the image upon a white surface at the bottom of the funnel. But this funnel must be attached to the telescope, or so mounted as to move with it in following the sun. An equatorial mounting is best for the purpose. The eye-piece should be mounted in brass, as rubber or other light material is liable to take fire. By the use of a low power eye-piece the telescope may be readily placed upon the sun. This accomplished, a higher power may be applied.

A College Romance.

A college romance is told by the Atlanta *Constitution*. Many years ago a young fellow went to Yale College. The father was very rich and the youngster lived in grand style at the university. Suddenly the old gentleman failed and had to withdraw his son from the college. The boy, however, felt the necessity of an education, and determined to have one anynow. He therefore went to work and learned a trade as a machinist. While he was at his work his old associates cut him and refused to have anything to do with him. The young ladies with whom he had been a great favorite failed to recognize him when they met him. One day while going from his work he met a wealthly lady who had been his friend. He had his tin dinner-bucket over his arm, and supposed she would cut him as all the rest had done. She smiled pleasantly, addressed him as "Tom," and insisted that he should call and see her as he had always done. She said: "There is no change in you as far as I am concerned." The years rolled on. The young workboy became wealthy, and owner of a factory in which 1,500 men and women were employed. The young girl grew to womanhood and married. Her husband borrowed a large sum of money from the rich man, and died before he paid it, leaving his family with but little property. The capitalist sent her, with his condolence, a receipt note, for husband's indebtedness, and now the son of the millionaire is going to marry the daughter of the one woman who was faithful and true to the young workboy at college.

Those Troublesome Telephones.

The telephone may be a very convenient instrument for some people, but there is a married man on Stewart street who considers it a fraud, a delusion and a snare. Recently he perceived the idea of connecting his room in the lower flat with the servant's in the attic by telephone, in order to save him the trouble of getting up on cold mornings to call "Maggie" to make the fire. Yesterday morning he called Maggie, and Maggie answered so sweetly, and his wife appeared to be sound asleep, that he ventured to telephone her a gushing little message. He had just finished the sentence, when his wife, who, Teutonically speaking, "shlept with her eyes open," hit him a box over the ear, and scratched his face until it looked like a war map. Then she dressed herself, and during her crying fit rushed over to her mother's and told of his perfidy. Presently her mother-in-law made her appearance, and such a tongue thrashing as he did get! Metaphorically speaking, she annihilated him, and scattered him to the four winds of heaven. The telephone has been returned.—*Ottawa Citizen.*

A house may seem a strange place for a covey of patridges to spend the winter, yet in the third-story of the residence of Henry Myers, of Thornbury, Delaware county, two dozen of these pretty little birds are located for the winter season. They were procured from the South, a few weeks ago, and will be turned out in the spring to breed and domesticate themselves in the thickets and meadows of Hr. Myers' farm. By way of experiment, in the spring Mr. Myers and his neighbor, Mr. Frank Smedler, intend to procure a number of prairie chickens' eggs, for the purpose of raising this game on their own farms.

The association for the promotion of women's knowledge of law is active in London.

Where Cents Are at a Discount.

In truth a person who waits for change in the shape of two, three or four cents is looked upon with something like scorn in the West. Is your bill seventy-eight cents? You pay eighty, or the obliging storekeeper says: "Call it seventy-five."

I recall an instance which one of the merchants of Salina related when speaking of his recent trip to New York for goods. After making his preparations for returning he went to settle his bill, which proved to be $40.03. He paid $40 and was turning away when he was recalled by a tap on the shoulder, and the three cents were pointed out.

In scornful amazement he threw down ten cents and again started away.

"Here is your change, sir," said a voice, in nowise overwhelmed by his contempt.

The merchant waved his hand and bowed.

"Keep it, sir. I am a Western man. We don't grasp three or four cents here so closely."—*Letter from Kansas.*

State News.

Diptheria of a virulent type, is spreading through Somerset county.

There are yearly in Reading and Berks counties, over 6,000,000 woolen hats made.

One Judge and four members of the Armstrong county bar have died within one year.

Erie and Williamsport telephone each other over a telegraph wire two hundred and fifty miles long.

Eight persons have been killed by explosions of nitro-glycerine in the Bradford region within the last twelve months.

The cattle disease seems to be spreading. In Montgomery county several farmers have killed cows that were supposed to be incurable.

It is estimated that 50,000 men and women are employed in Philadelphia in the manufacture of clothing, making 20,000,000 suits a year.

Beaver Falls thinks it is about big enough to sport an opera house. The *Enterprise* says all that is needed is $10,000, which is quite an item.

The Harrisburg Car Manufacturing Company have just received another order for one thousand eight-wheel box cars from railroad companies in adjoining States.

It is estimated that over 150 horses have been bought in Somerset county for the eastern market during the last two weeks. The average price was about $100 apiece.

The *Phœnix* asks: "Shall Parker have a furnace?" We don't think a place that can get up such roaring oil fires needs such a tame thing as a furnace. Better stick to conflagrations.

One of the dryers in Peter's paper mill at Beaver Falls, went off the other day, but did no other damage than to scatter consternation around promiscuously, which was a little rough on consternation.

Mr. Edwin H. Turner, of Altoona, has been reappointed District Deputy Grand High Priest of Royal Arch Masonry for the Fifteenth district, which includes the counties of Bedford, Cambria, Blair and Huntingdon.

A prisoner in the Lycoming county jail, held on a charge of passing counterfeit money, publishes a card in a Williamsport paper complaining that he is shoeless, hatless and shirtless, and that the United States marshall refuses to furnish him with these useful articles of apparel.

When the remains of Captain George Beagle, aged about eighty-three years, and residing in Chester county, were laid in their last resting place, on his death bed he had requested of his friends that his faithful sword be interred with him and the brigot-steel blade was lowered with him in his grave.

The Allentown *Democrat* says that John Shireman has a pet groundhog, and that it was closely watched on groundhog day, and it came out, saw its shadow, took two sups of water and returned to its quarters, laid down and instantly became torpid, paralyzed, as it were. This must be true, as we have never caught the *Democrat* in a lie. However, it is but just to say that we have only seen one copy of it.

The United Pipe Lines have taken up several miles of oil pipe during the winter and removed it to the region above. The company having no more pipe to take intends "taking up" several of the employes, and those remaining will have to do double duty. We are informed that Superintendent D. Cypher, will have charge of the Foxburg, Parker, Brady's Bend, Cresswell and Fletcher districts.

Lord Derby, in a speech at Liverpool on the 26th of January, said: "Intellectual activity is in itself a moral safeguard. It kills vicious tastes just as in the bodily life a healthy appetite for food keeps out the morbid craving for drink. Therefore it is to the spread of school boards and of all that goes for them I look for moral and social as well as intellectual improvement."

That Prince Albert left a large fortune is certain, says the London *Truth*, for throughout life he was exceedingly economical, and it has always been believed that he made several very judicious investments in land with some of his savings. Besides his annuity of $150,000, he received the pay of a Field Marshal and of a Regiment Colonel, and the usual salary as Keeper of the Round Tower at Windsor Castle.

Personal.

The Prince of Wales is trying to cut down his household expenses one-half.

Scientific men tell us that the earth is but a crust, and every live man wants to belong to the upper crust.

Miss Leech, a scientific English woman, has been elected a member of the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain.

Statistics are given by the New York *Times* in proof of the theory that Americans live ten years apiece longer than they used to.

Senator Lamar is eccentric in his habits. Sometimes he will almost starve himself and then eat voraciously. He seems off his balance.

Mr. Bret Harte, it is reported, is about to resign his Consulate and return to America. The German climate has not agreed with him.

Tennyson has consented to be a Vice President this year of the Welsh National Eisteddfod movement. The Eisteddford will be held at Carnarvon.

The Deadwood *Pioneer* invites any gentlemen in Dakota who has not been brought out for Congress to send his name and photograph to that office.

Young man, if it is 11 o'clock, and she goes to the piano and plays a few bars of "The Sweet Bye and Bye," you may consider the seance over for the night.

All the Gladstone family but the "People's William" are Tories, and Sir Thomas, the elder brother, does not call on the ex-Premier when he visits London.

It is a mean woman who will paste a last year's plate of fashions for bonnets into a this year's book and lend it to her friends just before Easter Sunday.

Some people act as if providence were a thing of the future entirely; others as if it were of the past—while the fact is it keeps right on, doing business at the old stand every day.

"You promised to pay that bill yesterday," said an angry creditor to a debtor. "Yes," calmly replied the other, "but to err is human, to forget divine—and I forget it."—*Oil City Derrick.*

Now we know all about the "What Is It?" It is a book agent. We saw one ring a door bell on Race street the other day, and a woman stuck her head out of the second-story window and yelled: "Hello! what is it?"

Mr. Roebuck has astonished England by leaving his entire estate to his wife, a thing seldom done by British husbands. He requests, but does not order, his wife to leave the property to their daughter Ziporah.

Queen Victoria, it is reported, is cut to the heart by the radical talk in Canada, and has, in conversation, more than once realized the pathetic declaration of Queen Mary when she heard that Cuba was cut off from her kingdom.

Robins and blue birds and white skirts and oyster cans and dead cats have made their appearance in Detroit the same as if it was April, and the croakers in the water holes sing: "Sing hey, the merry bullfrogs that we are."

Mr. Allen, the American accredited as Hawaiian Minister to the United States, appeared at the recent diplomatic reception decorated like his peers. He wore across his chest the Hawaiian grand cross of knighthood and its broad blue ribbon.

As Mr. James Russell Lowell now holds our most important foreign mission, the following lines from "The Biglow Papers" are quoted to show his earlier views on the subject:

"I du believe 'tis wise an' good
Tu send out furrin missions,
That is on sartin understood
An' orthodox conditions—
I mean nine thousand dolls. per ann.,
Nine thousan't more for outfit,
An' me tu recommend a man
The place would just about fit."

The Rev. Alexander Keith, the traveler and author is dead. He was born at Keithall, Scotland, in 1791, and was educated at Aberdeen. In 1823 he published his "Evidences of the Truth of Christain religion derived from the literal fulfillment of prophecy." This work has been widely read, as many as thirty-seven editions having been published up to 1859. Mr. Keith traveled in the Holy Land.

In order to test the difference in the consumption of food and gain in weight between sheep exposed to the weather and those protected from it, Lord Ducie had one hundred sheep in a shed, which ate twenty pounds of Swedish turnips per day per head, another hundred in the open air ate twenty-five pounds per head per day for a certain period. When they were weighed the former lot averaged a gain of thirty pounds per head over the latter. In another experiment five sheep were fed in the open air, between the 21st of November and the 1st of December, at a mean temperature of 41 degrees. They consumed ninety pound of food per day. At the end of this time they were weighed and had lost two pounds each. In a shed five other sheep were placed and allowed to run at a temperature of 49 degrees; they consumed at first eighty-two pounds of food, but fell off to seventy pounds per day, and increased in weight twenty-three pounds.

Medical.

BENSONS CAPCINE | CAPCINE | POROUS PLASTER

A Word to those who use POROUS PLASTERS. It is a universally acknowledged Fact that

BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTERS ARE SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS

The great demand for them has caused a number of unscrupulous parties to make and sell worthless imitations under similar sounding names. As the market is flooded with inferior plasters selling at any price it is important for the consumer to know which is the best. It is well known that some of the cheap plasters have been examined and found to contain injurious ingredients which make them dangerous to use, causing paralysis and other diseases. **Caution.**—See that the word CAPCINE on each plaster is correctly spelled.

5-4w **SEABURY & JOHNSON, Pharmaceutical Chemists, PRICE 25 CTS. New York.**

Wilson & McFarlane--Hardware.

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO

Wilson, McFarlane & Co.,

Hardware Merchants.

Dry Goods & Groceries.

THE PEOPLE'S

Cash Store,

STATE COLLEGE, PA.,

where can always be found a full line of

FRESH GROCERIES,

CONSISTING OF

Syrups, Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Prunes, Pearl Barley, Alden's Aup'd Pears, Dried Sugar Corn, Catsup, Pared and Unpared Peaches, Dried Apples, Cracked Wheat and Oat Meal, Pickles, Chow Chow, &c.

Canned goods of all kinds
Corned Beef,
Bologna Sausage,
Cured Hams,
Hominy,
Jellies,

Full line of Fresh Family Drugs, Patent Medicines, Perfumeries, Fancy Soaps, and toilet articles generally.

BEST BRANDS OF SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCO.

Cigars Wholesale and Retail!

Oysters Received Fresh twice a week.

Highest prices paid for country produce.

A FULL LINE OF FINE

CONFECTIONERIES and NUTS,

Cream Chocolates, Caramels, French Mixtures, Gum Drops, and pastes of all kinds.

CHIGAGO CARAMELS A Specialty.

Paper-Shelled Almonds, English Walnuts, Butter Nuts, California Peanuts, Filberts, Pecans, Raisins, Dates, Figs, &c., &c.

JOHN W. STUART,

STATE COLLEGE, PA

Watchmaker.

WATCHMAKER'S

REMOVAL.

F. C. RICHARD

takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the building opposite Bush's Arcade, next door to Deschner's gun store, on High street.

At his new store he has increased facilities for doing business, and guarantees entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Clocks, watches and jewelry repaired in short notice. 7-8-tf

Shaving Saloons.

M. S. GRAHAM,

FASHIONABLE BARBER

In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths.* 5 1 tf

WM. MILLS,

FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.

Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Felty's new building, High street Bellefonte, Pa. 5 29 1y

(View of a Heel Calk from a Steel-Center Self-Sharpening Shoe, after having been worn all winter.)

Patent Steel-Center Self-Sharpening

HORSE AND MULE SHOES

A sample set will be sent to any address (except in the States of Minnesota and Wisconsin) on receipt of $1. Prices by kegs on application. **The advantage** of the Steel-Center Self-Sharpening Shoe is that the calk **is always sharp.** A thin plate of *steel* is rolled inside of the soft iron for the calk, which the Shoe is made. The soft iron in the calk readily wears away, leaving the sharp steel center, as shown in the cut. Address

SHOENBERGER & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Steel-Center Toe Calks also for sale

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THE MODEL BOOK STORE,

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A

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DEALERS IN

Books,
Fancy Goods,
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Pocketbooks,
Gold Pens,
Wall Paper,
Umbrellas,
Window Shades and Fixtures,
Toilet Sets
Fancy Chinaware
Japanese Goods,
Toys, Toys,
Cigars, Etc., Etc.

SCHOOL BOOKS FOR EVERY T WNSHIP IN THE COUNTY

DAILY PAPERS & PERIODICALS

11-6

Professional Cards.

J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. ja4'71-tf

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law,
office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8 1-tf

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law,
office on High Street, second door from First National Bank. 8 42-tf

W. A. MORRISON, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.

E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD.
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law,
v6 1-1y Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office over Reynolds & Co.'s Bank. v6n1-1y

C. T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS.
ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Offices in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1—9-32

BUSH, YOCUM & HASTINGS, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-east corner of the Diamond, opposite First National Bank. 7 1-1y

STITZER & MAGEE, Attorneys-at-Law
Office next to Garman's hotel, in Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

JOHN BLAIR LINN, Attorney-at-Law,
Office on Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa. 11-8-tf

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 5 17-1y

Banks and Bankers.

E. C. HUMES, Pres't.....J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

DR. E. I. KIRK.

DR. J. W. RHONE, Dentist, can be found at his office and residence on North side of High Street, three doors East of Allegheny, Bellefonte, Pa. 10-16 1y

G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office in the Myers property, on Bishop street, opposite Graham's Shoe Store. 8-23

DR. J. D. GEISSINGER,

DENTIST.

A graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia, has permanently located in Bellefonte, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, including the treatment of diseases of the mouth.

Office: Second floor, Furst's building, North side of Court House. 10-31-tf

Tinware.

What's in a Name?

E. A. SMITH,

TINSMITH.

-ALL MY TINWARE WARRANTED.-

BUY NONE BUT THE GENUINE

SMITH TINWARE.

ALL MY WARE IS STAMPED WITH MY NAME, TO PREVENT DECEPTION.

ROOFING AND SPOUTING

MADE A SPECIALTY BY ME.

My Work Is All Warranted!

LIGHTNING RODS

Erected and Repaired.

Dealer in Stoves, Ranges, Heaters and Furnaces. Also set, clean and repair stoves, &c.

COME AND SEE.

Under Wilson, McFarlane & Co.'s Hardware Depot, First National Bank Block. 13-13-1y

COMPOUND OXYGEN "*Health and Life*," Mo. 1, a record of remarkable cures in *Consumption, Catarrh, Neuralgia*, and other *Chronic Diseases* by the new *Oxygen Treatment*, now ready and **sent free.** DRS. STARKEY & PALEN, 1109 and 1111 Girard St., Phila Pa. 12-4 4t

Railroads.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Nov. 9, 1879:

WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia	11 55 p m
"	Harrisburg	4 25 a m
"	Williamsport	8 35 a m
"	Jersey Shore	9 07 a m
"	Lock Haven	9 40 a m
"	Renovo	11 00 a m
"	arr at Erie	7 45 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves	Philadelphia	8 00 a m
"	Harrisburg	11 25 a m
"	Williamsport	2 25 p m
"	Lock Haven.	3 50 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 05 p m
FAST LINE leaves	Philadelphia	11 50 a m
"	Harrisburg	3 35 p m
"	Williamsport	7 25 p m
"	arr at Lock Haven	8 49 p m

EASTWARD.

PACIFIC EXP. leaves	Lock Haven	7 00 a m
"	Jersey Shore	7 33 a m
"	Williamsport	8 15 a m
	arr at Harrisburg	12 05 a m
	Philadelphia	3 40 p m
DAY EXP. leaves	Lock Haven	11 20 a m
"	Williamsport	12 40 p m
"	arr at Harrisburg	4 10 p m
"	Philadelphia	7 20 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves	Renovo	8 40 p m
"	Lock Haven	9 50 p m
"	Williamsport	11 10 p m
"	arr at Harrisburg	2 45 a m
"	Philadelphia	7 00 a m
FAST LINE leaves	Williamsport	12 35 a m
"	arr at Harrisburg	3 50 a m
"	Philadelphia	7 40 a m

Erie Mail West and Day Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R.R. trains for Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West and Fast Line West make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R.R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R.R.; at Corry with O. C. & A. V. R.R.; at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R.R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R.R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Exp. West, Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN, *Gen'l Sup't.*

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table December 31, 1877.

WESTWARD.	Exp. A. M.	Mail P. M.
Leave Lock Haven	5 25	3 25
Flemington	5 29	3 30
Mill Hall	5 33	3 33
Beech Creek	5 46	3 47
Eagleville	5 50	3 51
Howard	6 00	4 01
Mount Eagle	6 08	4 10
Curtin	6 13	4 16
Milesburg	6 23	4 25
Bellefonte	6 43	4 35
Milesburg	6 43	4 45
Snow Shoe Int.	6 48	4 48
Unionville	6 58	4 58
Julian	7 09	5 10
Martha	7 18	5 21
Port Matilda	7 26	5 31
Hannah	7 34	5 40
Fowler	7 40	5 46
Bald Eagle	7 48	5 53
Vail	7 53	5 58
East Tyrone	7 58	6 03
Arriv. at Tyrone	8 05	6 10

EASTWARD.	P.M.	A.M.
Leave Tyrone	7 08	8 30
East Tyrone	7 15	8 37
Vail	7 19	8 42
Bald Eagle	7 23	8 47
Fowler	8 54	7 39
Hannah	7 36	9 02
Port Matilda	7 44	9 11
Martha	7 52	9 20
Julian	8 01	9 30
Unionville	8 11	9 42
Snow Shoe Int.	8 21	9 51
Milesburg	8 24	9 55
Bellefonte	8 32	10 03
Milesburg	8 45	10 15
Curtin	8 55	10 25
Mount Eagle	9 00	10 30
Howard	9 08	10 40
Eagleville	9 18	10 52
Beech Creek	9 22	10 57
Mill Hall	9 34	11 10
Flemington	9 37	11 14
Arrive at Lock Haven	9 42	11 18

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after Dec. 31, 1878.

Leaves Snow Shoe 7.20 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 9.10 a. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 10.14 a. m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.57 a. m.

Leaves Snow Shoe 3.20 p. m., arrives in Bellefonte 4.42 p. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 5.15 p. m., arrives Snow Shoe 6.47 p. m.

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Spring Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

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GAS AND STEAM FITTER.

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Miscellaneous.

RAILROAD HOUSE,

Corner Front and Pine Street,

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ROBERT LOYD, Proprietor.

The best of liquors and cigars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best he market affords 251y

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KALSOMINING.

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11-46-1y BELLEFONTE, PA.

Foundry and Machinists.

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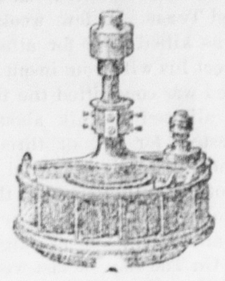

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AND

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To the Farmers and Horticulturists.

A Remarkable Clubbing Offer.

By special arrangement the BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN and the *Rural New Yorker* (which is a 16-page illustrated agricultural weekly) will BOTH be sent to one address, one year, for ONLY $3.80. Every subscriber who accepts this offer will also receive a package of the plants and seeds of the

Great Seed Distribution

free, which itself is valued at $3.50! By this great offer we have secured to our readers two of the best papers, and a selection of valuable seeds, total value, $6.30, which we agree to send for the remarkably low price named above. A fully illustrated description of the seeds and plants will be sent to all who apply for a sample copy of the *Rural New Yorker*, New York City. Below we give a condensed list of the seeds and plants that are offered:

First. "The Cuthbert Raspberry"—TWO plants. E P. Roe says of it: "As far as I can now judge, it seems to me the most valuable Raspberry, and I have planted five times as many of this variety as of all others put together."

Judge Parry says: "The Cuthbert is far ahead of all the others in abundance of fruit, size of berry and hardiness."

T. S. Force says: "No Raspberry can be more highly recommended for general purposes."

Charles Downing says: "I consider it the most promising Raspberry before the public, as far as tested."

J. T. Lovett says: "It is the perfect Raspberry."

It is at once the highest-flavored, largest, most prolific and HARDY *variety of Red Raspberry known.*

Second. "The Telephone Pea." The new English Pea. At present held in England at $80 per bushel at wholesale.

Third. "Mold's Ennobled Oats." Mr. Mold, of England, is the introducer of this variety. On the farm of the *Rural New Yorker* it yielded, last season, at the rate of 86 bushels per acre.

Fourth. "Abies Sibirica," one of the hardiest and most beautiful evergreens known.

Fifth. Seeds of Magnolias, Soulangeana, Lennei, Acuminata, Fraseri, Glauca and Umbrella.

Sixth. Seed from Seedlings of the beautiful and new Iris Kæmpferi. Hardy.

Seventh. Seeds of the splendid Pipe Vine, Aristolochia Sipho. Hardy.

Eighth. Seeds of the Man-Root, Ipomœa leptophylla. Hardy.

Ninth. Seeds of Bebbs New Aguilegias—bearing the largest flowers of any of the Columbines.

Tenth. "Hybrid Pentstemons." New, beautiful, hardy.

N. B.—The above *rare* collections of seeds are estimated to be worth over $2.50. Many of them cannot at present be purchased. 11-45-tf

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Miscellaneous.

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—:o:—

The subscriber offers at private sale his

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Frame Plank House,

twenty-five by thirty-two feet: size of parlor 12x23 ft; sitting-room 9x12; dining-room, 12x15; kitchen (attached), 16x16; hall, 6x15: four sleeping-rooms, one clothes-room, and hall on second floor; one sleeping-room in attic,—all in the best repair.

The house is situated on high ground, with two Terraces, an Arbor, Choice Shrubbery, Trees, and

A LARGE GARDEN,

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$66 A WEEK in your own town, and no capital risked. You can give the business a trial without expense. The best opportunity ever offered for those willing to work. You should try nothing else until you see for yourself what you can do at the business we offer. No room to explain here. You can devote all your time or only your spare time to the business, and make great pay for every hour that you work. Women make as much as men. Send for special private terms and particulars, which we mail free. $5 outfit free. Don't complain of hard times while you have such a chance. Address, H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine. 11-24-1y

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ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration upon the estate of Mrs Ellen Mitchell, late of Liberty township, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Centre Co., he requests all persons knowing themselves indebted to decedent to come forward and make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate to present the same duly authenticated for settlement. SAMUEL GLOSSNER, Adm'r.
12-4 6t. P. O. Blanchard, Pa.

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Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania, by

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 lin' this typ'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
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Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

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We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses, and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

Republican County Executive Committee.

JOHN I. RANKIN, Chairman.

H. H. BENNER, } Secretaries.
CLAUDE COOK, }

District.	*Names.*	*P. O. Address*
Bellefonte, N. W.	David M. Glenn,	Bellefonte
do S. W.	H. H. Benner,	do
do W. W	Wm. Shortlidge,	do
Howard boro'	Joseph Royer,	Howard
Milesburg boro'	Lyman T Eddy,	Milesburg
Millheim do	A O Deininger	Millheim
Philipsburg do	Capt Harry Simler	Phil'burg
Unionville do	Dr E A Russell	Fleming
Benner	John P Seibert	Bellefonte
Boggs	Capt Austin Curtin,	Roland
Burnside	Wm Stewart, Jr.	Moshannon
College	David Dale	Lemont
Curtin	Warren S Lucas	Howard
Ferguson O P	Cyrus Goss	Pine Grove Mills
Ferguson N P	Dan'l M Clemson	Rock Sprg's
Gregg	Robt H Duncan	Spring Mills
Huston	Ira F Davis	Julian Furnace
Howard	D B Fletcher	Howard
Harris	Geo B Jack	Boalsburg
Half Moon	Larry C Love	Loveville
Haines,	Dr P T Musser	Aaronsburg
Liberty	D B Kunes	Blanchard
Miles	Reuben Grimm	Madisonburg
Marion	Capt S H Bennison	Walker
Penn	David Kimport	Millheim
Patton	Wm I. Furst	Buffalo Run
Potter O P	Jas C Boal	Centre Hall
Potter N P	W J Thompson	Potters Mills
Rush	John A Mull	Philipsburg
Snow Shoe	C P Stoneroad	Snow Shoe
Spring	A J Swartz	Pleasant Gap
Taylor	D G Ganoe	Fowler
Union	B W Shipley,	Fleming
Walker	Philip Walter,	Nittany
Worth	Thomas Weston,	Port Matilda

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

—The boys don't care how much mild weather we have as long as the marbles hold out.

—The people have begun to flit' Several loads of furniture passed through town last week.

—Mr. Conrad, editor of the McVeytown *Journal*, looked over the REPUBLICAN establishment on Tuesday.

—Judge Orvis attended a testimonial banquet to Judge Jenkin, at the Leister House, Huntingdon, on Saturday night of last week.

—The street parade of Mme. Rentz's Minstrels last Wednesday morning created quite a stir on our streets The female musicians were robed in bright scarlet uniforms, with caps to match, and could hardly fail to attract a great deal of attention. About four hundred boys acted as escort to the "chariot" and the lively appearance of the streets and side walks reminded one of circus times.

—The ladies of the Methodist church of this place will hold a church festival on Friday and Saturday of this week, in the basement of the church. There will be a dinner given on Friday, with oysters, cake, and other refreshments in the evening; a dinner will also be served on Saturday, and an oyster supper, with cakes, ice cream, etc., in the evening. The proceeds are for the benefit of the church, and the tables should be liberally patronized.

—The cigars manufactured by A. J. Cruse, at his factory in Bush House block, need no recommendation from us. He does a much larger retail business than any other manufacturer in Centre county, and all those who are in the habit of buying their cigars at this stand are free to admit that no better cigars can be found anywhere in the country. This firm receives orders from all over the county, and even Philadelphia and New York, which is sufficient proof of their superior quality and popularity. None but experienced workmen are employed in his factory, and the best material that money can procure is used in the manufacture. A large and varied stock of the finest brands of smoking and chewing tobacco always on hand. Call at the popular stand.

More Murdering at Houtzdale.

If something is not done before long to put a stop to the murdering and robbing in Houtzdale that town will become as notorious as brigand-infested Texas. A few weeks ago a man was killed there for attempting to protect his wife from insult. After the deed was committed the murderer was allowed to walk about town unmolested for two or three days, and when it finally occurred to the minds of the authorities that the man ought to be taken charge of, he wasn't there, and has been at large ever since. On Tuesday, of last week, another dastardly murder was committed at that place, the result of a quarrel. The man who committed the crime, armed with a shot gun, paraded up and down the street in broad daylight in search of his victim, declaring to everybody he met his intention to shoot him at sight, which threat he put in execution as soon as he encountered the object of his dislike. The Altoona *Tribune* gives the following particulars: "Houtzdale was thrown into the greatest excitement yesterday morning by the shooting of a young man by the name of Samuel Pennington by John Nevlin. It appears that on Monday Nevlin and Pennington had an altercation, and that Pennington, who is but a boy, had struck Nevlin over the head with a billy. It seems from this time Nevlin determined to kill Pennington, and Tuesday morning came into town with a shot-gun, and for some two hours deliberately walked through the town declaring to different ones if he could come across Pennington he would shoot him. Shortly after this he was seen walking up Brisbin street with his gun on his shoulder, and came to Pennington, who was sitting on the steps of a store. As Nevlin passed by, Pennington got up and walked away. When a few steps from him Nevlin turned and shot him the back, seven buckshot entering his lungs. He was taken up from the pavement and carried to his home. Nevlin was arrested, handcuffed, and taken on the evening train to the Clearfield jail. Pennington was said to be dying on Tuesday evening. His murderer is said to be a desperate character, and has once before been in the penitentiary, and deserves to suffer the full penalty of the law."

Female Minstrelsy.

Madame Rentz's Minstrels appeared at the Opera House last Wednesday evening before a large audience. The entertainment was one of the finest, in every respect, that has ever been given in this place, and a great many who stayed away thinking it a one-horse troupe, now regret it. It was generally expected that the entertainment would be of an immoral character, somewhat on the "can-can" style, which prevented ladies from being present, and the audience was composed entirely of men. The reports were without any foundation whatever, as the members of the company conducted themselves in a very proper manner, and nothing of an indecent or immoral nature occurred.

The programme for the evening, which embraced a variety of amusing selections, was fully carried out. The burlesque on "Pinafore" was a decidedly comical production, and kept the audience in an uproar. The solos, vocal and instrumental, were all finely rendered, particularly the tambourine and saxophone solos, by two lady artists, which brought forth loud and continuous applause. The jokes and witticisms were fresh and new, and the audience was inflicted with but few stereotyped phrases. Should the troupe again come this way we hope it will not give Bellefonte the go-by.

—Last Thursday evening, at seven o'clock, William Furey, one of the oldest citizens of Centre county, passed from the troubles and trials of this life to a home of peace and rest. Mr. Furey has occupied many positions of trust in the county; was a Democrat all his life, and before his last sickness was holding the position of Justice of the Peace in the borough of Bellefonte. He had been sick a long time, but we understand that he bore all the trials of a long and tedious illness with patience and resignation. He was the father of Joseph Furey, associate editor of the *Watchman*, at whose house he died, surrounded by many relatives and friends.

"Oh, the solemn and strange
Surprise of the change!"

Yet how soon shall we all become like shadows—those who are written about and those who write—shadows as evanescent as the ghosts which seem to haunt us in our daily life. This deserted tenement of clay, which scarcely more than an hour ago was full of life—life with all its burdens and all its blessedness, its work and suffering, pleasure and pain — now swept away together into eternal rest.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

The Pennsylvania Experimental Farms.

Among the efforts put forth by the State of Pennsylvania to benefit the farmers was the establishing of three experimental farms. The work of selecting and managing these was committed to the custody of the State College, and the praise or blame of their present condition belongs to these gentlemen. One of the farms is located in Chester county, one in Indiana county, and one at the College, in Centre county. By the direction of the Board these farms are under the special supervision of the Professor of Agriculture of the College, who is directed to visit them, see that the series of experiments is faithfully carried out, and that the farms are made useful for the promotion of agriculture in the State.

But where is the farmer who has received any benefit from the existence of these State farms; and how many, indeed, even know that the farms exist at all? A couple of thousands of dollars are spent on the farms every year, besides all the receipts from the crops raised on them; and yet there is no good accomplished, and, it is said, that the farms are actually running down, and are worse now than they were years ago. Of the one at Indiana, it is declared that its condition is simply disgraceful, and that the State would honor itself by hastening to give it away as a gift. No experiments whatever are tried upon it, unless it be that of seeing how long the people will let their money be thrown away and no good come of it.

It is reported that the Chester county farm has abandoned the series of experiments, and has actually plowed up the plats which had been arranged with so much parade; and that all this has been done without hindrance from or even the knowledge of the Professor of Agriculture.

The farm near the College is far from being ornamental or useful, although it is near the professor's home, and might receive from him a daily visit. In view of the large salary paid could not better service be rendered? I know it is said that physical infirmity prevents full service being given by the professor in charge, but if that is the case it has been so for only the last year, and not through the long period in which the farms have been doing almost nothing. Beside, if service cannot be rendered, why should salary continue to be drawn and perquisites enjoyed?

As a Pennsylvania farmer, and one who desires my class to receive all the benefit we can from the liberality of our government, I hope the trustees of the College will put the experimental farms under such care as will make them deserve public approval. LEONARD RHONE.

Centre Hall, Febrnary 14, 1880.

Scraps from Stormstown.

STORMSTOWN, Feb. 21.

To the editor of the Republican:

Our election passed off quietly and without incident, there being a very light vote polled. Only 13 votes were cast up till 12 o'clock, but in the afternoon it was a little more spirited. There was considerable scratching after dinner. As usual, in this township there are Republicans who help to form a ticket and go to the polls and bolt, and in this case they nearly bolted to their sorrow, almost electing a Democratic judge, the Republicans voting for two judges and two inspectors. However, it all came out right, but the lower end of this township had better be careful in the future, or the Republican party will be divided in local matters, as it used to be.

Mr. John Eves is lying very low with the typhoid fever, and very little hopes are entertained of his recovery.

The last game of base ball of the season was played January 31st, between the Wild Cats, of Professor Elder's school, of this place, and the Tigers, of Stony Point, Patton township. The score stood as follows: Wild Cats, 173 runs; Tigers, 26 runs, 147 runs in favor of the Wild Cats.

In the way of old literature we have quite a sensation. In the old store room formerly belonging to Henry Adams, deceased, but now to H. A. McKee, there were found quite a number of old newspapers dating back as far as 1843. One called the *Pennsylvanian*, printed in Philadelphia, contained General Jackson's funeral obsequies, and one called the *Democratic Standard*, printed in Hollidaysburg, with John Dougherty as editor. Last of all comes the *Centre Democrat*, with General W. H. Blair and John H. McFadden as editors dated June, 1845. Also the *Globe*, printed in Washington city. In the old *Centre Democrat* we noticed the names for sheriff of some of our citizens who are still living and active men, and must have been very prominent 35 years ago. Among the names are those of Mr. Peter Gray, who died 15 years ago, and P. B. Waddle and Samuel Stover, who are yet active and good business men.

Halfmoon township can boast of heavy weights. On election boards in 1880 the judge and one inspector weighed nearly 600 pounds, and judging from the size of the two men there will be very little bulldozing in Stormstown this fall at the polls.

Mr. Isaac Gray, of Patton township, is putting up a large barn on his farm near Fillmore.

Jacob and Miles Mattern are burning 15,000 bushels of lime this winter for their own use.

The wheat through this section of the country don't look as favorable as it has in former years.

There will be very few sales in our township this spring and very little moving.

Captain John A. Hunter has been laid up for some time with the rheumatism.

In the way of entertainments here this winter we have had two phrenologists, two singing schools, taught by Professor Biddle and Keith. Professor Johnson, known as "Blind Charley," showed the people what he could do on an organ. The debating society is still in progress. Mr. Bearbanks, of Virginia, gave us an interesting lecture on Turkey.

Professor Wingate has a class here and is showing our young men how to flourish a pen.

I almost forgot to mention the concert given by the Washington Cornet Band. The house was crowded and the music was excellent. CORPORAL.

Unionville Garcelonized.

The Democrats of Unionville seem to have been very favorably impressed with the Maine plan of carrying elections, and at the Spring election last week employed the same tactics, by which species of fraud, aided by a Democratic election board, they were enabled to get control of the borough. The following communication from Unionville explains the matter:

UNIONVILLE, Feb. 20th.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—We met the enemy on last Tuesday, and we are theirs, and only by base fraud. As our election board was composed of Democrats, we could not expect anything else. Seventeen of our tickets were thrown out of the count, just because seventeen men voted for two Auditors before we discovered the mistake. Instead of casting out the vote for Auditor only, they threw out the entire ticket. They let men vote—those who voted the Democratic ticket—who had paid no borough tax, and took things cool generally. "Coffee Pot Wallace," of Unionville, was one of the board, and run the machine to suit himself. At last we have but two parties in our borough, the Democrats swallowing the Greenback "party," which had been reduced to *five* members. In addition to all this, we had a spy-traitor in our camp, who attended our caucus, was nominated for a small office, took a list of our candidates to the Democratic caucus, prevailed upon the Democrats to put him on their ticket, and next day after election went around saying, "Didn't *we* give it to the Republicans yesterday?"

During the war traitors were shot, but our spy is not worth the powder. I respect a Democrat, a good party man, for we know just where to find him; but these poor, miserable, creeping, cringing creatures, who belong to the party that gets hold of them first on election day, are deserving of the most supreme contempt. Hereafter we shall have but two parties, and with a fair election we can beat them every time. "An honest man is the noblest work of God," but that sentiment does not in any way apply to election boards. JOHN.

—Prince Lobanoff, the new Russian ambassador who has just reached London, and whose style of living is of barbaric splendor—a happy mingling of Western usage with Oriental custom—is not as rich as he was some few years since, but is still magnificent, and great things are expected of him. The horse he rides is shod with silver; but this is not vulgar display, but from a conviction that silver is the best metal for the purpose, and that the horse thus shod is a better and more capable animal than when walking in forged iron. Now if the Prince desires to keep up this style of living he should send over immediately and order a cargo of Sechler's gilt-edged groceries. A man who has horses shod with silver should live on the best groceries that the land affords, which can be had at Sechler's famous establishment. Large stock of the purest and freshest goods constantly on hand.

THE Democratic National Convention meets at Cincinnati, June 22nd to put up a man for Blaine to knock down.

Township Officials.

The following are the persons elected on Tuesday last, in the different election districts of the county to fill the local offices for the ensuing year:

BOGGS—Judge of Election, H L Harvey; Inspectors, Jas F Weaver, Sam'l Zimmerman; Assessor, A C Iddings; Asst. Assessors, H L Barnhart, Adam Witherite; Supervisors, Geo Noll, Jacob Shultz; School Directors, Charles McLaughlin, Mathias Evans; Overseers Poor, Joseph Neff, Geo Noll; Constable, Jas McMullen; Auditor, Jas F Weaver; Township Clerk, John A Whitehill.

For division of township, 74.
Against do do do 190.

BURNSIDE—Judge of Election, H R Meeker; Inspectors, D R Mulhollan, Geo Hodollar; Assessor, M F Loy; Asst. Assessors, J H Bates, Dr. M Stuart; Supervisors, William Hipple John Hipple; School Directors, W S Loy, Barnhart Veidhefer; Overseers Poor, Wm Stuart, Barnhart Veidhefer; Constable, John Mulhollan; Township Clerk, R H Newcomer.

BENNER—Justice of Peace, W F Thompson; Judge of Election, Adam Y Wagner; Inspectors, John Rishel, David Rothrock; Assessor, B F Hunter; Asst. Assessors, William Tate, H K Hoy; Supervisors, Henry Sampsel, Robert Henderson; School Directors, Uriah Stover, Ferdinand Beezer; Overseers Poor, H J Tressler, John Lutz; Constable, William Taylor; Auditor, William Ishler; Township Clerk, John L Dunlap.

COLLEGE—Judge of Election, W. C. Patterson; Inspectors, Samuel Gilland, John W. Stuart; Assessor, Cyrus Wasson; Asst. Assessors, Michael Grove; Peter Schreck; Supervisors, George Cronemiller, Fred Becker; School Directors, William Grove, William McGirk; Overseers Poor, Robert Kendall, Jacob Bottorf; Constable, James Ray; Auditor, Luther Houser; Township Clerk, Berry Mayes.

CURTIN—Justice of Peace, Petter Robb; Judge of Election, M McCloskey; Inspectors, Jno P Dehass, David Brickley; Assessor, Henry Theil; Asst. Assessors, David McCloskey-Jos M Packer; Supervisors, David Brickley, John T Lucas; School Directors, Conrad Singer, William Lucas; Overseers Poor, William Robb, Peter Robb; Constable, Henry Theil; Auditor, Frederick Robb; Township Clerk, Warren S Lucas.

FERGUSON, OLD—Justice of the Peace, Robert Glenn; Judge of Election, Joseph Gates; Inspectors, Jacob Keller, J G Heberling; Assessor, Henry Snyder; Asst. Assessors, Wm Bloom, Cyrus Goss; Supervisors, Andrew Houser, Solomon Gates; School Directors, O M Sheets, W E Meek D W Miller; Overseers Poor, W H Fry, Henry Garner; Constable, James Miller; Auditor, David Dennis; Township Clerk, J C Sample.

FERGUSON, NEW—Judge of Election, W H Goss; Inspectors, Joseph Heberling, Wilson Gardner.

GREGG—Justice of Peace, S J Herring; Judge of Election, Philip Shook; Inspectors, J H McCool, J D Long; Assessor, G B Crawford; Asst. Assessors, Jas P Grove, Geo Gentzel; Supervisors, Geo Corman, John B Heckman; School Directors, Eman'l Zettle, Dan'l Weaver; Overseers Poor, Fred Zettle, Jno B Ream; Constable, Ruben Kline; Auditor, W Pealer; Township Clerk, Benj Breon.

HOWARD TWP.—Justice of Peace, John W Adams; Judge of Election, Sam'l B Leathers; Inspectors, David Tanyer, Theo G Leathers; Assessor, Jno N Hall; Asst. Assessors, Michael Confer, Geo D Johnson; Supervisors, Roland C Leathers, Ralph Shenk; School Directors, Geo B Lucas, Andrew C Glenn; Overseers Poor, W J Yearick, Jno B Leathers; Constable, Jno M Kline; Auditor, James Antis; Township Clerk, Anthony W Gardner.

HUSTON—Justice of Peace, Jno W Stuart; Judge of Election, G G Woodring; Inspectors, Abednego Williams, Jerry Merrit; Assessor, Jno C Henderson; Asst. Assessors, Jno Gingery, D H Chandler; Supervisors, D W Kline, Aaron Ellirt; School Directors, Jno Gingery-Jno Q Miles; Overseers Poor, H G Cronister, J C Henderson; Constable, D W Kline; Auditor, J F Williams; Township Clerk, W A Hartsock.

HALF-MOON TOWNSHIP.—Isaac Way, Justice of Peace; A J Thompson, Judge of Election; G Loner, Thos. Gray, Inspectors; S Sellers, Assessor; Sam Mattern, Joeseph Branstetlar, Assistant Assessors; Geo. Cornelius, Jacob Hicks, Supervisors; W C Ayers, Jerry Way, School Directors; Wm. Cole, R A Way, Overseers Poor; S Sellers, Constable; Isaiah Beck, Auditor; J W Sellers, Township Clerk.

HARRIS TOWNSHIP.—Wm. McFarlane, Judge of Election; Frank Kennedy, Henry Keller, Inspectors; G W Williams, Assessor; Sam. Bailey, John Kuhn, Assistant Assessors; Peter Kuhn, Abram Martz, Supervisors; Jas. Kimport, Jacob Condo, School Directors; Michael Hess, John Myers, Overseers Poor; Daniel Meyers, Constable; Wm. Bradford, Auditor; Peter M. Weber, Township Clerk.

HOWARD BORO.—Burgess, A Weber; Judge of Election, Sherman Pletcher; Inspectors, W Henderson, E W Pletcher; Assessor, Geo Long; Asst. Assessors, S F Kline, Robert Cook; Town Council, B F Holter, Ira C Leathers; School Directors, H A Moore, Geo Spearing; Overseers Poor, B F Holter, Ira Leathers; Constable, Robert Cook; High Constable, Burdine Butler; Auditor, W P Mehaffey.

LIBERTY—Judge of Election, M Fravel; Inspectors, D Wagner, J B Shaw, W M Bifner, tie; Assessor, D B Kuhns; Asst. Assessors, J W Gonsolis, A C Graham; Supervisors, George Long, J L Thompson; School Directors, Sam'l Glossner, S H Kunes; Overseers Poor, Sam'l Glossner, C Becktol; Constable, W W Spangler; Auditor, W H Snyder; Township Clerk, W F Porter.

MILLHEIM BORO.—Burgess, Jas C Smith; Assistant Burgess, Israel Confer; Judge of Election, J W Adams; Inspectors, W H B Eisenhuth, S G Gutelius; Assessor, Jacob Alter; Asst. Assessors, C W Hartman, Jno Harter; Council, D H Mingle, A C Musser, D L Zerbe, Fred Catherman, Geo Royer, R A Beaumiller; School Directors, S D Musser, A Walter; Overseers Poor, H Wiser, Dennis Lose; Constable, Jno H Mayes; High Constable, Sam'l Otto; Auditor, John R Bear.

MILESBURG BORO.—Burgess, E H Carr; Judge of Election, J D Mitchell; Inspectors, D H Parsons, M D McLaughlin; Assessor, J C P Jones; Asst. Assessors, W C Wilkie, R L Shirk; Council, F G Mattern, Jno Hibler, Alfred Smith, M H Carty, C H Else, Jno E Thomas; School Directors, B B Else, W M Adams; Overseers Poor, W C Wilkie, Joseph Smith; Constable, Alexander Drocker; Auditor, R L Shirk.

MILES TOWNSHIP.—Samuel Gramley, Justice of Peace; J B Kreamer, Judge of Election; H W Kreamer, Daniel Dubbs, Inspectors; S M Winter, Assessor; R Kreamer, John Wolf, Assistant Assessors; G W Royer, P Gramley, Supervisors; N Bowerson, S K Faust and R. Harter tie, School Directors; John Hosterman, Daniel Brumgard, Overseers Poor; W J. Carlin, Constable; H. Corman, Auditor; J. W. Malory, Township Clerk.

MARION—Judge of Election, Geo Loder; Inspectors, D K Miller, J M Zimmerman; Assessor, I S Frain; Asst. Assessors, Jno Holmes, Jacob Gerbrick; Supervisors, D Harter, Levi Eberhart; School Directors, Geo S Hoy, J J Hoy; Overseers Poor, Wm Irwin, Sam'l Aley; Constable, W H Miller; Auditor, S H Bennison; Township Clerk, H K Wilson.

PATTON—Judge of Election, Jno Hicks; Inspectors, Ad. Carper, Benner Way; Assessor, P A Sellers; Asst. Assessors, Green Gray, Wm Tate; Supervisors, G W Gray, D L Meek; School Directors, W I First, Jno Ghaner; Overseers Poor, Sam'l T Gray, Dan'l Heckman; Constable, Joseph Tresler; Auditor, G D Green.

PENN—Judge of Election, Emanuel Neese; Inspectors, Jacob Kersteter, David Kimport; Assessor, Aaron Ulrich; Asst. Assessors, Andrew Stover, William Neese; Supervisors, Henry M Swartz, Geo W Harter; School Directors, Jacob Dutweiler, D E Gentzel, Eliss Hoover; Overseers Poor, Sam'l Ard, David Ertle; Constable, D L Geary; Auditor, Christ Alexander; Township Clerk, Jno H Swartz.

POTTER TOWNSHIP, NORTH.—John Shannon Justice of Peace; John Emerick, Judge of Election; J. T. Alexander, A. A. Hosterman, Inspectors; Geo. W. Spangler, Assessor; B. H. Arney, Wm. Spangler, Assistant Assessors; James Spangler, J. J. Arney, Supervisors; Wm. McCormick, A. R. Alexander, School Directors; Robert Lee, Wm. Emerick, Overseers Poor; J. B. Solt, Constable; A. C. Ripka, Auditor; Jas. B. Lee, Township Clerk.

POTTER TOWNSHIP, SOUTH.—W. J. Thompson, Justice of Peace; Jno. S. Dauberman, Judge of Election; Edward Allison, W. K. From, Inspectors.

PHILIPSBURG BOROUGH.—Geo. B. Simler, R. D. W. Holt, D. tie, Burgess; John C. Dunkle, Judge of Election; A. H. Smith, C. B. Sandford, Inspectors; Andrew Beck, Assessor; H. H. Hewitt, O. B. Jones, Assistant Assessors; J. W. Mattern, Jeremiah Sankey, Benj. Jones, Isaih Harr, B. J. Laporte, C. G. Herlinger, Council; Harry Simler, John Peighta, School Directors; Oscar Adams, Robt. Hudson, Overseers Poor; Jackson Gorton, Constable; Jas. Mately, High Constable; Lot Jones, Auditor; John Braiden, William Blake, J. B. Childs, Church Trustees.

RUSH TOWNSHIP.—Samuel Lipperay, Justice of Peace; J. W. Collins, Judge of Election; David Kinkaid, Levi Kenedy, Inspectors; J. B. Long, Assessor; O. M. Vall, Wm. Ray, Assistant Assesors; James Cole, John Donlon, Supervisors; John A. Mull, Hugh McCann, School Directors; J. M. Hale, Jeffrey Hayes, Overseers Poor: John Kennedy, Constable; Jas. P. Cohick, Robt. Lane, Auditors; W. P. Cullen, Township Clerk.

SPRING—Judge of Election, Alexander Miller; Inspectors, E D Noll, Wm Miller; Assessor, Mathew Riddle; Asst. Assessors, Lew Rarick, Harrison Kline; Supervisors, John Bilger, Wm Houser; School Directors, Jasper Brooks, David Shearer; Overseers Poor, Wm Bell, John Musser; Constable, Nelson Lucas; Auditor, Wm Dale; Township Clerk, M L Kelly.

SNOW SHOE TOWNSHIP.—Ed. Nolan, Judge of Election; James Gates, Fred Moris, Inspectors; Samuel Boyer, Assessor; J. H. Holt, R J. Haines, Assistant Assessors; Patrick Nolan Patrick Kelley, Supervisors; Wm. Jacobs, Jas. Watson, School Directors; Frank Turbidy, Jas. Watson, Overseers Poor; W. P. Haines, Constable; Jesse Fravel, Auditor; Herbert Williams, Township Clerk; John Reagen, Treasurer.

TAYLOR TOWNSHIP.—Leonard Merryman, Judge of Election; John Carick, Wm. Crane, Inspectors; Geo. Merryman, Assessor; S. E. Pringle, John Weaver, Assistant Assessors; Denis Reese, Elija Merryman, Supervisors; Vinton Beckworth, John McCoy, School Directors; Hiram Blowes, M. L. Gill, Overseers Poor; Vinton Beckwith, Constable; Thomas Merryman, Auditor; D. G. Ganoe, Township Clerk.

UNIONVILLE BORO.—Burgess, Geo Alexander; Assistant Burgess, W F Peters; Judge of Election, C H Cambridge; Inspectors, Sam'l Brugger, W H Vanvalin; Assessor, D S Rumberger; Asst. Assessors, Jno Alexander, H W Hoover; Council, A J Griest, B F Leathers, Dan'l Hall, Sam'l Brugger, W H Smith, John Alexander; School Directors, Jno Bing, J C Smith; Overseers Poor, J T Calhoun, A T Leathers; Constable, A J St. Clair; Auditor, G W Forey; Town Clerk, Henry Iddings.

UNION TOWNSHIP.—Jacob Roof, Justice of Peace; J. W. Blair, Judge of Election; Wm. T. Irvin, Chas. Megarvey, Inspectors; Owen Underwood, Assessor; A. R. Hall, E. R. Hugg, Assistant Assessors; B. W. Shipley, E. Wry, Supervisors; Henry Spots, Jas. Davidson, School Directors; P. H. Bush, B. W. Shipley, Overseers Poor; E. E. Erhard, Constable; S. K. Emerick, Auditor.

WALKER TOWNSHIP.—W. P. Smith, Judge of Election; B. F. Romeads, Jos. Emerick, Inspectors; B. F. Shaffer, Assessor; James Gramly, Jacob Garbrick, Assistant Assessors; Wm. Brumgard, Joel Tressler, Supervisors; W. B. Shaffer, Jesse Swartz, School Directors; Samuel Decker, Adam Swartz, Overseers Poor; Isaac Clevenstine, Constable; Ambrose McMullen, Auditor; John Brown, Township Clerk.

For selling turnpike 6 votes; against 145.

WORTH TOWNSHIP.—A. Y. Williams, Judge of Election; B. Gates, R. J. Kelley, Inspectors; John Harpster, Assessor; C. Reese, S. S. Miles, Assistant Assessors; Geo. Cowher, Wilson Williams, Supervisors; A. W. Reese, H. H. Osman, School Directors; Henry Spangler, James Ebberts, Overseers Poor; J. Wiser, Constable; W. H. Graham, Auditor; H. M. Dennings, Township Clerk.

—The residence of Mr. S. A. Brew, on Spring street, has been very much improved in appearance by a coat of fresh paint.

Catharine de Medici is quoted as having asserted that the highest thing to be said in the praise of a woman is that she can cook a good dinner.

Quid pro Quo.

Since the earliest ages, two problems have engaged the attention of speculative humanity: perpetual motion, and the getting of something for nothing. The first remains, and is likely to remain, unsolved; but if the evidence of printer's ink is to be trusted, the solution of the second has been arrived at by the publishers of EHRICHS' FASHION QUARTERLY. "And how so?" remarks the reader, incredulous, Marry, thus:—

By an ingenious system of combination subscriptions, the publishers of the QUARTERLY offer to send their magizine, free of all charge whatever, to all who may subscribe, through their agency, to any of the principal monthly or weekly periodicals. Thus a subscriber to Peterson's Magazine has only to pay his regular two dollars through Ehrichs' agency, to receive, not only Peterson's for a year, but a really valuable quarterly magazine of fashion as well.

How this is to be done, is explained at length, in the premium list to EHRICHS' FASHION QUARTERLY, an advance copy of which lies upon our table. Nor is this the only novel feature which this same premium list contains. Other magazines offer premiums for subscribers; but the FASHION QUARTERLY not only does that, but in addition, inaugurates the novel idea of premiums *without* subscribers. But over this astounding mystery we drop a discreet veil; and the reader who may wish to pierce it, is advised to send his name and address to Ehrich Brothers, Eighth Avenue and Twenty-fourth St., New York, whose prompt reply will doubtless resolve his doubts into pleasing and profitable certainties.

Water is Free.

That's so, but in most patent medicines you pay for it at the rate of a dollor a pint. Kidney-Wort is a dry compound and one package is enough to make six quarts of medicine without addition of any poisonous liquors. It is Nature's remedy for kidney diseases, liver complaint and piles, for it is both diuretic and cathartic, tonic and healing. Get it today. 12-8

MR. A. NEIGER, Taylorsville, Pa., writes: "My mother, an old lady of sixty years, suffered for thirty years with rheumatism to such an extent that she was at times entirely lame. We procured from Messrs. Ludwig Bros., Druggists in Scranton, Pa., a bottle of St. Jacob's Oil, used it according to directions, and saw our efforts crowned with success. Mother was relieved."

Gilt-edged Butter.

There is always an active demand for butter up to the gilt-edged standard in quality and color. Much butter that is otherwise good sells at a reduction of from three to five cents per pound, because deficient in color. Dairymen should then use Wells, Richardson & Co.'s Perfected Butter Color to give a bright June color. This color is by far the brightest and purest and best made. 12-8

It is the latest freak in society to become engaged to young men who are at college, says the New York *Mail*.

Wholesale Murder of a Family near Lancaster.

One of the most horrible tragedies in criminal history came to light on Saturday shortly before noon in the quiet little village of Bainbridge, 15 miles from Lancaster, and the strangest part of it is that no knowledge of the terrible affair reached this city until late last evening. The Bainbridge correspondents of the Lancaster press were so awe-stricken that they sent no accounts of the affair until to-day, and no one in the community in which the murder occurred deemed it of sufficient importance to communicate the facts, by telegraph or correspondence, to the Philadelphia papers. The circumstances of the horrible affair are briefly as follows: Charles Lane, aged 24 years, and measuring fully six feet six inches in his stockings, first made his appearance in Bainbridge last May, having come from Maryland. He was accompanied by his wife, aged 32 years, a daughter (Jane), aged 6 years, a boy (George), aged 3 years, and an infant aged 3 months. He rented an humble cottage, and tried in vain to secure work. Recently he remarked to a neighbor that if he did not soon procure some means of support for himself and family, "something dreadful would happen." Little attention was paid to the remark, however, until Saturday, shortly before noon, when John Miller, a well-known resident of Bainbridge, in passing the house was impressed by the stillness of everything, and peered through one of the windows, when a sight met his gaze that riveted him to the spot. The bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Lane, with two of their children, lay on two beds dead, and the remaining child—the 3-year old boy—sat apparently in a very exhausted condition, in one corner of the room. Summoning neighbors, an entrance was forced, when it was discovered that Mrs. Lane's skull was crushed in and her neck broken. The infant was lying dead in her arms, with its little hands clutched tightly in the hair of her head, having evidently been smothered; while the 6-year old girl also had her neck broken and bore unmistakable evidence of having had poison administered to her as well. Lane was lying dead beside his wife, and there was undoubted evidence that he, too, died from poison.

The little boy was known to be a great favorite with his father, and for this reason it is supposed he was spared. When asked why he had remained quiet, he replied: "Mamma and papa were sleeping, and I thought if I wakened them papa would whip me." He was taken charge of by kind neighbors, but as his lower limbs are badly frozen, it is feared he cannot survive. It is generally believed that the terrible affair occurred on Thursday. One theory is that the husband and father, driven to desperation by want, first destroyed the lives of his wife and two children, and then killed himself, hoping thus to end all earthly misery for himself and his loved ones; but the violence manifest on the bodies of his wife and little daughter contradicts this theory. It looks as though he might have had an altercation with his wife and killed her, and, that, the little girl interfering, he killed her and then made way with himself and his infant, possibly forgetting the boy in his insane frenzy. It is asserted in the village that Mrs. Lane came of a good Maryland family, that she married against the wishes of her parents, and that her career was as romantic as it was miserable; but no one seems to know her name. Neighbors who conversed with her, however, say she was a cultivated, lady-like woman, and bore traces of former great beauty. Deputy Coroner C. S. Erb held an inquest, and the jury returned a verdict that Mrs. Lane and her infant were murdered by Charles Lane, who then administered poison to himself and his 6-year-old daughter. The remains of the wretched family were buried near the villiage yesterday.

Port Grape Wine.

This wine is made in New Jersey, and is said to surpass anything in the way of wine ever made. It is called Speer's Wine, produced by Mr. Speer. Since the true analysis of its properties was published by James R. Chilton & Co., those who could afford it adopted its use in preference to foreign wines. Prof. Chilton used it in his own family, and has written to the public the following card:

Laboratory of J. R. Chilton & Co.,
New York, March 11.

We made a careful analysis of the Port Grape Wine produced by Mr. Alfred Speer, and do not hesitate in pronouncing it pure; it contains all the properties of the Oporto grape, and therefore, for medical uses, it is superior to other wines. Its principal effects upon the system are mildly stimulated, diuretic, sudorific and tonic. It will prove beneficial in affections of the kidney and chronic diseases, with general debility of the constitution. Physicians may safely recommend it to their patients, in place of the many doubtful mixtures too often sold as pure wine.

James R. Chilton & Co.,
Analysis Chemists.

This wine can be had of J. Walter Zeigler, and is a most excellent article for weakly persons, especially females. It is a very superior table wine, and the most healthy drink now in use. It is not a spirited or manufactured article, like most native wines.

The Empress of Russia received a dress from Paris the cost of which was $5,000.

The leading article in the *North American Review* for March is by ex-Judge Jere. S. Black, and is entitled "The Third Term," being a reply to ex-Senator Howe's papers on that subject in the *Review* for February. Mr. Black holds that to elect General Grant to a third term of office in the presidential chair would be a violation of a custom that is stronger than any laws or constitutions whatever; that it would in effect be the end of our republican institutions, and the enstallment of "empire." Hon. E. W. Stoughton follows Mr. Black, taking precisely the contrary view, that not only is a third term not a thing to be deprecated, but that it is eminently desirable, especially if, as in General Grant's case, an interval of time has elapsed between the second term and the third. A timely article by David A. Wells aims to prove that a discriminating income tax is essentially Communism, and that this is especially true of such an income tax as was levied in the United States by Act of Congress in 1863 and succeeding years. The fourth article is by Rev. Dr. Bellows, and treats of Civil Service Reform. The author recounts what has been done in Britain to reform the civil service of that country, and shows how the experience of Britain statesmen may be turned to advantage by American lawmakers. Professor Simon Newcomb, in an article on "Our Political Dangers," calls attention to the need of some non-political tribunal for the determination of contested elections. He looks on the presidential struggles of three years ago, and the recent excitement in Maine, as symptomatic of a diseased political condition which calls for remedies very different from those which have hitherto been employed. John Lancaster Spalding, Bishop of Peoria, makes a spirited reply to Froude's recent article on "Romanism and the Irish Race in America." The notices of new books are by Mr. E. L. Didier.

EMPLOYMENT FOR LADIES. — The Queen City Employment Company, of Cincinnati, are now manufacturing and introducing their new Stocking Supporters for ladies and children and their unequaled Skirt Suspenders for ladies. None should be without them; our leading physicians recommend them, and are loud in their praise. This manufacturing establishment is managed by ladies who made the wants of ladies a study, and they ask us to refer them to some reliable and energetic lady to introduce them in this county, and we certainly think that an earnest solicitation in every household would meet with a ready response, and that a determined woman could make a handsome salary and have the exclusive agency for this county. We advise some lady who is in need of employment to send a postal card to the Company, with her name and address, and mention this paper. Address, Queen City Suspender Company, Nos. 147 and 149 West Fourth street, Cincinnati, Ohio. 12-727

THE paper entitled "Longitude Naught," given in *St. Nicholas* some months ago, and describing the town and observatory of Greenwich, England, is to be followed in the March number by an article concerning what the author calls "Longitude Naughty." It will be an account of the crossing of the Meridian 180°, the line directly opposite Greenwich, on the globe, and where one day has to be dropped from, or added to the calendar, according to the direction in which the vessel was sailing. This subject has troubled older heads than the average reader of *St. Nicholas*, but the problem will, the editors say, be simply and fully explained in the March *St. Nicholas*.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Henry McEwen, late of Walker township, deceased. Letters testamentary upon the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

SOPHIA McEWEN,
JAS. H. CARNER,
Executors.

Hublersburg, Pa, 12-7-3t

PRICE WITHIN THE REACH OF all The full and complete Lectures of

COL. R. G. INGERSOLL.

No. 1. "The Mistakes of Moses."
No. 2. "Skulls."
No. 3. "Ghosts."
No. 4. "Hell."
No. 5. "Liberty of Man, Woman and Child."
No. 12. "Col. R. G. Ingersoll's Vindication of Thos. Paine," lecture held at Chicago, January 29, 1880.

PRICE FIVE CENTS EACH.

COLONEL INGERSOLL AND HIS CHICAGO CRITICS. A Lecture by the Rev. James K. Applebee. Price 15 cents.

FULL REPORT OF THE GRAND RE-UNION of the Soldiers and Sailors of the Late War, held at Chicago, Nov. 12 to 15, 1879, including all speeches, and those of Col. R. G. Ingersoll, Col. Wm. F. Vilas, Samuel L. Clemens, (Mark Twain's Speech on Babies.) Price 25 cents.

LIFE AND TRIP AROUND THE WORLD of General Grant. Price 15 cents.

THE LAST SPEECH OF SENATOR ZACH. Chandler, and Biographical Sketch, with large portrait of Mr. Chandler on cover page. Price 5 cents.

☞ Any of the above sent postpaid on receipt of price. Address,

L. W. BLAISDELL,
2-7-2t 101 Randolph street, Chicago, Ills.

$10,000 **Insurance** FOR 36 CENTS.

On Life and Property.

$10,000 will be paid to any person who can Explode a Lamp fitted with our Safety Attachment.

Mailed free for 25 cents. Four for $1.

Agents wanted. Male or Female.

S. S. NEWTON'S
SAFETY LAMP CO.,
Binghamton, N. Y.
Salesroom, 13 West Broadway, New York City 12-7-4t

NOTICE.—I hereby give notice that my wife, Sarah, having left my bed and board, all persons are warned not to trust or harbor her on my account, as I will pay no bills of her contracting. 7-3t

WILLIAM HASSARD.
Julian, Centre Co., Pa.

New Advertisements.

TURNPIKE NOTICE.—A meeting of the Stockholders of the Centre and Kishacoquillas Turnpike Company will be held at the office of Beaver & Gephart on Monday, March 1st, 1880, for the purpose of election five directors to serve the ensuing year or until others are chosen. JOHN IRVIN, JR., Sec'y.
12-6 3t. Bellefonte, Pa., Feb. 10, 1880.

TURNPIKE NOTICE.—A meeting of the Stockholders of the Bellefonte and Philipsburg Turnpike Company will be held at the office of Adam Hoy, Esq., on Monday, the 1st day of March, 1880, for the purpose of electing five directors to serve the ensuing year, or until others are chosen. JOHN IRVIN, JR., Sec'y.
12-6 3t. Bellefonte, Pa. Feb. 10, 1880.

Medicinal..

DAY'S Kidney PAD

CURES Diabetes, Bright's Disease, CURES Catarrh of the Bladder, Dropsy, Gravel, Painful Urinating, High Colored Urine, Inability to Retain or Expel the Urine, PAIN IN THE BACK, Nervous Debility, Female Weakness, and all diseases of the KIDNEYS, BLADDER, and URINARY ORGANS, when nothing else can.

LOOK OUT for imitations. Ask for, and take only the DAY PAD.

For sale by Druggists, or sent by mail free on receipt of price, $2.00. Certificates of cures and our book "How a Life was Saved," sent on receipt of your address to

12-5 1y. F. POTTS GREEN,
Wholesale Agt. for Centre Co.

Everybody Make Money!

Watches, Novelties, Jewelry, Oddities, Notions, &c.

Now is the time to push your business or start anew. Our goods are of the very latest styles, purchased mostly at Auction or private Bankrupt Sales, except those we manufacture, warranted as represented. Send for catalogue, prices named, and order your goods. Address, New York Auction Co., 21 Park Row, New York 12-9-6m

AGENTS READ THIS

We want an agent in this county to whom we will pay a salary of $100 per month and expenses to sell our wonderful invention. **Sample free.** Address at once SHERMAN & CO., Marshall, Michigan. 9w4

Baking Powder.

Valuable Farm For Sale

— IN —

UNION TOWNSHIP,

Within Four Miles of Unionville Station, on the Bald Eagle Valley Railroad, a Good High way from the Farm to the Station, containing

EIGHTY ACRES

— OF —

Red Shale Land,

Sixty Acres under a Good State of Cultivation, and balance Timbered. It is one of the

Best Fruit Farms

to be found in this part of the country, and has a large number of FINE APPLE and PEACH TREES in bearing condition. There is a

NEVER FAILING SPRING

on the farm, the water of which is brought to the house and barn. There is on the farm a

Good Two-Story House,

newly plastered, containing Nine Rooms; a GOOD BARN, ICE HOUSE, WOOD HOUSE, and other necessary outbuildings.

PRICE: $3000.

One-Half Cash down, and the balance in payments to suit purchaser. Enquire of

WILLIAM D. SMITH,
12-3 3m. Fleming, Centre Co., Pa.

Cigars and Tobacco.

A. J. CRUSE.

CIGARS. CIGARS.

A LARGE STOCK ALWAYS ON HAND OF

MY OWN MAKE.

Dealers will find it to their advantage to examine my stock

Before Ordering Elsewhere.

ALSO,

CHEWING

AND

SMOKING TOBACOS,

PIPES, &c.

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BUSH HOUSE,

49-3m **BELLEFONTE, PA.**

Philadelphia One Price Clothing House.

This Space is Reserved for the

Philadelphia Branch of No. 26 North Third Street, Philadelphia,

ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE,

(Successors to J. NEWMAM, Jr.,)

Who opened on

FEBRU'Y 20,

AT NEWMAN'S OLD STAND,

With such a Stock of CLOTHING as has Never Before been Seen in This County, and which they will

RETAIL AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

12-4 tf.

Lawrence L. Brown—Coal, Grain, Plaster, &c.

Coal! Coal! Coal!

Grain! Grain! Grain!

LAWRENCE L. BROWN,

Dealer in

COAL, GRAIN, PLASTER, &c.

OFFICE, GRAIN ELEVATOR AND COAL YARD

Near South End Bald Eagle Valley Ralroad.

:o:

WILKESBARRE and SHAMOKIN

ANTHRACITE COAL!!

Best Qualities Always on Hand,

☞ WELL SCREENED, DELIVERED PROMPTLY AND WEIGHTS GUARANTEED. ☜

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR

ALL KINDS OF GRAIN AND SEED.

Also keeps on hand a large stock of coarse grains which he sells at lowest market prices, either in small lots or by car loads. It is my endeavor to give good satisfaction to all those who favor me with their patronage, and by so doing I hope to have a continuance of the large trade I have enjoyed since succeeding the late firm of Shortlidge & Co. 11-26-tf

J. H. Bauland's Bee Hive Store.

J. H. BAULAND'S

ALLEGHENY ST., BELLEFONTE, PA.,

HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY GOODS

—AT THE—

BEE HIVE

ONE PRICE EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS STORE.

I AM OFFERING THE

LARGEST, BEST AND CHEAPEST

STOCK OF DRY GOODS IN CENTRE COUNTY.

Every One says that is the Place for Bargains. Go then and be Convinced.

ALL GOODS AT ALL TIMES SOLD AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

Having received an immense stock of goods before the advance I am able to sell Cheaper than any store in town

All My Goods are Marked in Plain Figures.

Hoping to receive an early call, I remain, Respectfully Yours,

J. H. BAULAND.

MY MOTTO IS: "One price—the very lowest—and no misrepresentation." 48-tf

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Farm and Fireside.

A Dissertation on Tobacco.

[CONTINUED FROM JANUARY 28.]

In this connection it may be in place to enquire, what real virtue is there in doing merely what one *likes* to do—that is, in living to gratify sensuality? Can fleshly appetites, pandered to as habits, rise to the dignity of virtues? Doubtless not, since true virtue is moral strength manifested in restraining, according to the best light we have, our animal nature and its blind impulses. As illustration: the boy who sucks his brandy, sugar, or poisonous cigar because of fancied *liking*, is no more virtuous, in a true sense, than a dog that gnaws the bone. But the child who in heed of parental counsel gives up sweets it may *love*, though injurious; or the adult who yields to increase of light sprung up since he formed a popular though pernicious habit, displays a virtuous disposition truly, and a step in the Christian pathway of the cross. Thus may be practically manifested the dignity of mind as designed to rule the man—not his sensual appetites enslave him. But a person who smokes or indulges a vicious appetite merely because of a *liking* for it, or because it is the popular fashion, acts upon a mere animal impulse unsustained by sober investigation. He sets an example blighting to the cause of virtue, as what is neither sanctioned by any rational motive nor useful in result, can have no place in the catalogue of virtues.

Hooker's Physiology, p. 270, says: "Tobacco is really one of the purest sedatives we have. It depresses vital action, acts chiefly upon the nervous system, and has a strong tendency to produce nervous diseases. While it is injurious to all classes, it is especially so to those who have a low vital action and are disposed to nervous complaints. It is so active a poison that extreme caution is required whenever it is administered, as it sometimes is, as a medicine. The evidence of the deleterious influence of tobacco upon the system, is as unequivocal as that in regard to opium, and wonderfully strong is that slavery to appetite that makes one persist in the use of this poisonous and loathsome drug in spite of such evidence."

Dr. R. T. Brown's Physiology, page 263: "Tobacco is among the most powerful of all narcotic poisons that the vegetable kingdom affords. Nicotia, which may be obtained by distillation, is the exhilarating agent it contains. It is direc tly emetic, even when the poison i not taken into the stomach but absorbed by the skin. Its action is primarily on the nerves of motion, and produces disturbance of the nervous system and vital functions. The ultimate effect is to gradually reduce vital force, impair the motor functions of the nervous system and deaden the sense of taste, smell, etc. The exhilaration from its use is hardly perceptible until its action is withdrawn, when a sense of irritability and indescribable wretchedness takes possession of the victim of this poison, and will scarcely yield till the exhilaration is restored (by relapsing to its use.) This insatiable craving even borders on insanity, and the habit from this cause is even more inveterate than that of the toper, and the power of voluntary control appears as greatly paralyzed by tobacco as by alcohol. Its action is slow, but gradually works most disastrous consequences—physical and mental. So insidious is its march that the victim or his friends may not even suspect the cause of his feeble health and failing mind. Thousands destroy years of ripest manhood and usefulness by using it."

The ultimate effect of this drug is to slowly reduce the aggregate of the vital force, impairing first the motor functions of the nervous system, affecting the involuntary motions more directly than the voluntary. Hence we frequently witness tremor of the hands, etc., in persons addicted to the use of it. The dominating slavery of the habit when once acquired offers a strong reason why the innocent should not be caught in it, however customary it may be, and shows the need of *educational* warning to brace the young around us against contracting a habit which has nothing to commend it but much to condemn.

From *Fireside Science*, by Jas. R. Nichols, A. M., M. D., 1871:

"When Columbus landed upon that verdant island of the tropics, which proved the gateway to a new world, he was struck with the strange customs of the people that flocked around him. No one of these customs, probably, excited his *disgust* more than that which was seen to prevail among both sexes of rolling together the dried leaves of a plant, offensive in taste and odor, and placing them in their mouths and inhaling the smoke. But these were *savages*. If he had been told that within two or three centuries the descendants of Christian and polished courts, in short the whole civilized world, would be imitating these savages in such filthy practice he would have ridiculed the idea as preposterous, and yet the prediction would have proved true.

At the time of Columbus' discovery the tobacco plant was found growing wild upon the heights of the island, and not until a century had elapsed did it become an object of cultivation. Being introduced into Europe, its use rapidly spread, though strongly opposed at times by anathemas thundered against it by Popes and Kings. As a specimen of early opposition we quote the celebrated 'Counterblast to tobacco,' by King James, who denounced the smoking of cigars as a custom 'loathsome to the eyes, hateful to the nose, harmful to the brain, dangerous to the lungs, and in the black stinking fume thereof nearest resembling the horrible stygian pit that is bottomless.

"Tobacco belongs to a suspicious and exceedingly dangerous order of plants, the 'solaneae," or nightshades. The deadly nightshades, henbane and thorn apple, belong to this order, and all are powerful narcotic poisons.

"To the farmer tobacco proves a robber of the first magnitude; it possesses a capacity for plundering the soil greater than that of any other plant or shrub known. Every 100 pounds of the dried leaves rob the soil of at least 20 pounds of its most valuable mineral atoms. The plant is hungry for potash, and of this consumes large quantities; in every 100 pounds of dried leaves there is nearly 5 pounds of this alkali. The exhaustive effects upon the soil may be judged (says this practical chemist) from the fact that 14 tons of wheat, or 15 tons of corn, or 12 tons of oats, remove no more of the principle of fertility than a single ton of tobacco.

"Of its action he says: 'The chemical agents in tobacco are brought in contact with the same tissues and mucous surfaces, whether the form be that of smoke, or aqueous extract as in chewing, or in fine powder as in snuff taking. The essential acrid, burning, poisonous principle of tobacco is nicotia—it is an agent so terribly destructive to animal life that a single drop placed on the tongue of a dog instantly produces asphyxia (want of pulse) and death. A few grains volatiiized in a church will produce distressing cough and asthma upon thousands of people, and one hundredth part of a grain pricked into the skin with a pin will produce giddiness, nausea and fainting. This poison exists in tobacco in the proportion of from one to two pounds in 100 pounds of the dry leaves; the knowledge of these facts, ascertained as they are now are by repeated chemical investigation, should interest and might consistently alarm every user of the useless weed.

"No matter in what form tobacco is used this poisonous ingredient must come in intimate contact with the mucous surfaces of the mouth and air passages, and therefore, by absorption, a portion passes into the system; the smoke holds these principles in a volatilized form, and they impinge upon absorbent vessels of the mouth, lungs, etc. If any one doubts the nature of this smoke let him take a fine clean linen handkerchief and force the smoke of a cigar through it several times. The palpable yellowish hue imparted is due to the oil and volatile principle of tobacco held in the smoke. The so considered *finest* tobacco (says the scientist from whose work we are quoting) contains two per cent. of the poisonous principle, and in conclusion adds, we are considering the cigar strictly from a *chemical* point of view, and free from dogmatic opinions regarding the hygienic influence of tobacco upon the human system.

"In conclusion he adds: "Chemists as well as others are puzzled to know how a plant so utterly repulsive to the natural sense came to possess the power of playing the tyrant with human appetites. It is still a greater puzzle, however, how tens of thousands of people of all classes, ages and conditions are able to masticate smoke, and snuff the substance of the plant, and not suffer the most serious inroads upon the health. Upon the writer its use in any form, even in small quantities, is followed by the usual alarming effects of narcotic poison.'

J. H. J.

When a man is fortunate he boasts of his good management and shrewdness; when he is what is termed unfortunate he complains of his ill luck. It is said that Providence always smiles on the side of the best and most bayonets and the heaviest guns. Cannot the same principle be also applied to farming? Success is the result of good management, of the possession of the best breeds of cattle, best tools and the richest soils. Success springs from economy in saving and making manures and in the judgement used in their application. It consists in the proper selection of seeds, the time of mowing the grass, the way and manner of tilling the ground, vigilance in destroying weeds, the care of cattle and the manner of feeding, in keeping the fences in order and the buildings in good repair. These are a few of the elements of good luck.

Hens fed on clear, sound grain, and kept on a clear grass run, give much finer flavored eggs than hens that have access to stable and manure heaps and eat all kinds of filthy food. Hens feeding on fish and on onions flavor their eggs accordingly, the same as cows eating onions or cabbage, or drinking offensive water, impart a bad taste to the milk and butter. The richer the food, the higher the color of the eggs. Wheat and corn give the best color, while feeding on buckwheat makes them colorless, making them unfit for some confectionery purposes.

Farm Talk.

WHY DO NOT FARM CLUBS ARRIVE AT CONCLUSIONS.

Line fences are frequently sources of very animated disensions and at times anger between neighbors. Yet on certain top rails of line fence—top rails that have a streak of satisfactory suggestion in their width—farmers often pass pleasant moments in social converse and light discussion. Between neighbor H. and the writer there are a few rails that denote sufficient luxurious expanse of surface as to bring about many dues in the matter of neighborly talks. During one of those mellow yet unseasonable days of the departed January, we, neighbor H. and I "met by chance the usual way" at the broadest top rail on the line.

Now, if anybody wants neighbor H. to talk, the desire can be satisfied by asking him a question that is tinctured with the pepper of perplexity. I merely asked him after we were comfortably perched four rails high why it is that farmers' clubs are continually discussing questions and only exceptionally arriving at conclusions. Neighbor H. immediately took the bit and galloped through the following dissertation without affording me the privilege of using the professional prod and nose ring of the interviewer.

Thus said my neighbor H.: "Neat and profitable tillage is the result of long years of experiment, coupled with intelligent management and industry. What has been developed as an aid to agriculture has been mainly utilized. Where an aid or improvement has become operative, its use is decided and it becomes a thing of the past so far as farmers' clubs are concerned. Every farm boy knows that to successfully drive a flock of sheep from one field to another he cannot very easily force a part of the flock over the bars. The fact is indisputable that the driver must hold the flock together in order to make the less troublesome transfer. This is so far beyond question as to beyond the pale of discussion. Again where it is generally conceded that timothy must be cut in early blossom, there is no problem to be solved. The problem being solved it is beyond the province of investigation. Such facts as these, quoted merely to illustrate, are fixed and therefore have no place in the discussions of club members. A fixed fact is not debatable.

"It is only as to questions not settled that farmers feel it incumbent upon them to discuss. To analyze what has been fully confirmed by actual results is useless. The rule is the same with medical or other professional and scientific circles. In all these circles questions are discussed and not facts. Experiences and theories are presented so varied and opposite that conclusions among associations of scientists are as rare as among farm clubs. That such is the case should not be seized as an intimation that conferences upon the part of both scientists and farmers are profitless.

"Discussions naturally lead to observations and occasional experiments. Farm experiments are not only costly, but are at the whim of variable seasons and soils. Consequently a long time may be necessary to detect the cause of an evil and to provide a remedy. During this protracted interval discussions, though not conclusive as to causes and remedies, may traverse the symptoms, dangers and extent of the evil and incite an activity in the direction of solutions.

"An hour's interchange of views over a fresh or even worn problem may not solve it. The majority notion based upon certain experiences may outweigh by a formal vote the minority notion founded upon adverse experiences. The majority notion does not here determine the question for so long as experiences conflict, except where the cause of these conflicting experiences be discovered either in differing soils or treatment, there can be no decision.

"'Tis true that the reportorial pencil ends up accounts of our farm club discussions with the threadbare thrust 'as usual no conclusion was reached.' During five days' session of a Teachers Institute how many conclusions are reached? The people have been clamoring for a more serviceable education and Teachers Institutes have been discussing as to methods of reaching such a training, and yet with the experience of France and Germany before our educational leaders, have they even so much as by a show of hands ventured a decision in the matter? Evidently there is some obstacle in the way of such decision. At least it is the part of our better nature to concede this.

"The Philadelphia Farmers' Club sent a number of scarified potatoes to the State microscopist for examination. The disease was new to that official but he was of the opinion that there had been no presence of fungus. On the other hand a veteran scientist of Delaware county reported an adverse opinion, while the National department had no knowledge at all of the disease? Is it singular that microscopists should agree?

Our State and National legislative bodies are as slow in reaching decisions as are associations of agriculturists or of professed scientists. The hindrance may lie somewhat in the fear of incurring the enmity of the parties with powerful interests or prejudices, but action is not wholly delayed by such a fear. Congress and our State law-making powers are to-day confronted with demands for overhauling modes of taxation, for regulating the management of growing masses of capital, for a thorough examination of the relations between Federal and State governments, for a careful revision of the mode of electing the President. A writer in *Scribner* for the present month on 'The Political Outlook' says: 'To deal adequately with any of the subjects here enumerated an amount of drudgery, if only in the shape of investigation and collation would be necessary, which to every man on both the Republican and Democratic side would be utterly distasteful, for which his training and experience during the last twenty years have gone far to unfit him.'

"It does not appear therefore: first, that farmers are more prone to fall short of conclusions than others. And, second, that there is no wholesale dereliction, shame or evidence of class ignorance in not arriving at conclusions."

This was a pretty long talk for a fence rail siesta. I not only admired the talk but was astonished at the facility with which he quoted *Scribner*. But the query arises, did I agree with my neighbor? I shall confess that I did agree with him, if only for the purpose of laying aside the customary fling—"as usual they arrived at no conclusion."

NEIGHBOR ACORN.

Giving Offence.

It is our firm belief that the Grange long since would have had many farmers as solid members who are now standing aloof had those farmers not been afraid of giving offence to some one. We also believe that so far as possible, consistent with right, men should live peaceably with all mankind; and we admire those men who always practice that doctrine—in sincerity, and not as a blind to catch the goodwill and favors of their fellow-men. But there is such a thing as being kicked and cuffed around past all endurance. There is such a thing as, after being smitten on one cheek and then on the other, being knocked down and trampled upon. Figuratively speaking, most farmers have, more or less, suffered with indignities; and some have been robbed and robbed and robbed until they almost believe some thing has gone wrong if a day happens to pass by and they are not minus of a fresh feather. They heve been snubbed and held under water until they can never realize when their oppressors design to dose them—as a bait for more hurtful cuffs and kicks in the future—with just a little decent treatment. They who do not affiliate with the Grange and enjoy the benefits of co-operative buying and selling through authorized Grange agents allow the greedy purchasers of their products to do the weighing and fixing of prices until they hardly know how to do it themselves; and when a sympathetic Granger neighbor suggests relief from the oppression of these speculative traffickers they, in blissful ignorance, reply, "No; I'd rather not; for I don't want to give offence to any one." Poor men—our sympathy is pre-eminent for you. You have been loaded down so persistently and so long that you could scarcely realize your happiness should you be free from this load of oppression and the conscientious scruples of giving offence to those who would oppress you and yours. In a future issue we shall again demonstrate the falsity of this foolish fallacy of "Giving Offence."—*Farmers Friend.*

It has been said by a farmer that he prefers calves for raising dropped in September. Such calves escape the intense heat of the summer, and during the winter season they can be "pushed" with grain, and in the spring are ready for the young grass as soon as it appears. It will be noticed that professional breeders in some cases so regulate the age of calves that they appear at the September fairs as calves, when in reality they are within a few days of being yearlings, and also as yearlings when they are close to 2 years old.

A Maine farmer gives the following opinion as to the best portion to plant an orchard: "Were I to plant an orchard and had two locations—one in a valley, surrounded by hills, except on the south side, and the other on a hill elevation, exposed to high winds—I would choose the latter in preference to former. The same holds good in regard to peach orchards. A great object is to keep back the blooming as long as possible, and this can best be done in northern exposures without shelter."

Farmers who spread on a thin coat of twelve or fifteen loads of manure to the acre, and expect to raise a good crop, would be astonished to see the quantities of the best kinds of manure which market gardeners often apply to an acre of land near the cities. What would they say to the application of $600 worth of horse manure to a single acre? To or three hundred dollars worth of manure per acre is a common thing among market gardeners, and they find their account in so doing, too.

Dr. J. H. Prevost has found that rain removes much more matter from an uncropped than from a cropped soil. He placed three inches of soil in two glazed earthenware pans seventeen inches in diameter. Four grammes of white cloverseed were sown in one of the pans, and the other was left without any stimulus to vegetation. Both pans were exposed from July 21 to October 4, and then the drainage water was collected and annalyzed with results which warranted the above conclusion.

These frosty mornings and chilling winds are laden with rheumatic pains, which are apparently lavished without stint on aged people. In absence of a better remedy it will be found that equal quantities of kerosene oil and turpentine applied warm to the afflicted parts will do much toward relieving pain. All rheumatic people should wear flannels, not only in winter, but all summer too, if they are then afflicted.

Waldo says in the *Ohio Farmer* that he remembers one year making a very large profit from an acre of land, managed in this way: He first grew a crop of Tom Thumb peas, which matured in time for cucumbers for pickles, and then he grew 500 bushels of turnips, sowed broadcast among the cucumbers. He found that these crops will mature without crowding each other, if properly managed.

Speaking of pruning, an exchange says: Trim moderately every year, but not heavily oftner than once in three years. Pruning may now be done at any time when the days are warm; cut off no limbs that are over an inch in diameter. If you do not understand pruning yourself, have it done by a competent person, but do not send an ignorant hired man into your orchard to cut and hew at will.

The Connecticut experiment station is about commencing a series of experiments for testing thoroughly the different methods of setting milk to obtain the best results as to cream, and, if possible, to arrive at a definite conclusion, so that the buttermakers may have sufficient data to enable them to work with some degree of certainty in the production of butter.

One of the New York artists' models complains that the female artists pay poorly, are extremly exacting and very sarcastic in their criticisms.

Auditors' Report.

AUDITORS' REPORT OF THE RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF CENTRE COUNTY, FROM JAN. 1, 1879, JAN. 1, 1880.

DR.

ADAM YEARICK, TREASURER, IN ACCT. WITH CENTRE COUNTY, JAN. 1, 1880.

To taxes outstanding, Jan. 1, 1879	$65,163.61	
To taxes assessed for 1879	42,515.39	
To am't rec'd of Commissioners on loans	22,854.57	
To am't rec'd of Commissioners, costs and collections	458.58	
To am't rec'd of Clearfield county, bal. on Moshannon bridge	1,145.86	
To am't rec'd of Patton twp., insane acct	10.52	
To am't rec'd of College twp., insane acct	193.03	
To am't rec'd of Spring twp., insane acct	209.51	
To am't rec'd rent of house	48.00	
To registration blanks sold	5.70	
		$132,511.63
To balance on hand Jan. 1, 1880	3,727.17	
		$132,511.63

CR.

Jan. 1, 1880.		
By taxes outstanding	$67,023.36	
By county orders paid	53,264.73	
By am't State Treasurer receipt	3,950.28	
By commission on State tax paid	168.55	
By exonerations allowed collectors	1,062.10	
By commissions allowed collectors	1,275.65	
By salary	2,000.00	
By stationery	19.00	
Balance	3,727.17	
		$132,511.63

We the undersigned, Auditors of Centre county, do hereby certify that we have examined the above account of Adam Yearick, Treasurer of Centre county, and find it correct.

Witness our hands and seals this 23d day of January, A. D. 1880.

T. B. JAMISON, [L.S.]
JAMES T. STUART, [L.S.] Auditors
GEO. R. WILLIAMS, [L.S.]

EXPENDITURES.

Commissioners' Pay.

Andrew Gregg	$ 714.48	
Jacob Dunkle	185.00	
Geo. Swab	260.00	
Henry Beck, Comr's clerk	700.00	
		$1,859.48

Jury Commissioners' Pay.

N. J. Mitchell	36.72	
Henry Keller	24.70	
Henry Beck, clerk	35.00	
		96.42

County Auditors' Pay.

James T. Stuart	30.00	
G. R. Williams	30.00	
T. B. Jamison	30.00	
C. L. Buffington, clerk	30.00	
		120.00

Improvement and Repairs.

John Markle, for fence at jail	1.88	
D. W. Eberhart, for work at jail stable	2.50	
J. W. Barnes for gas fitting	4.15	
John Gregg, for work at furnace jail	8.25	
Penna. R. R. Co., for freight on lumber	71.63	
Wm. Lucas, for work at jail	84.75	
M. J. Dolan, " "	6.00	
Adams Ex. Co., for freight on pipes for jail	1.65	
C. Derr, hydrant for jail	10.00	
J. W. Barnes, hydrant for jail	12.80	
Thomas Mathews & Son, lumber for jail	243.72	
Henry Walkey, labor at jail	35.00	
C. W. Corman, " "	5.50	
A. Carr, brass cocks for jail	17.00	
Jno. D. Lieb & Co, lumber for jail	38.63	
R. Barlett, hauling for jail	20	
Samuel Brugger, specifications for jail	11.25	
O. W. Lambert, repairing at jail	20.00	
Wm. Galbraith, plumbing at jail	23.70	
Jas. Harris & Co, bill material for jail	242.11	
D. W. Woodring, for watching at jail	4.50	
B. & S. S. R. R. Co, joist for Treasurer's office	6.46	
John Wetzel, carpenter work at jail	56.00	
		907.13

Court Expenses.

Jurors' pay	$5,102.85	
Commonwealth Costs	2,486.91	
J. H. Vosburg, court reporter	289.60	
W. F. Reber, court reporter	274.28	
B. Galbraith, court crier	162.60	
B. Galbraith, janitor	350.00	
Tipstaves' pay	363.50	
M. J. Dolan, special detective	200.00	
Court proclamations by Sheriff Spangler	122.28	
Summoning jurors, by Sheriff Spangler	183.00	
		9,584.82

County Prison Expenses.

Mrs. Shaffer, washing for prisoners	$ 25.06	
Mrs. Price, wash. for prisoners	27.70	
Joseph Bros & Co, clothing for prisoners	24.91	
Harper Bros, clothing for pris'rs.	53.08	
S. & A. Loeb, mdse. for prison	37.80	
" " "	28.30	
Robt. McKnight, gas bill	234.05	
Geo. Dolan, work at cesspool	5.50	
J. H. Fellenbaum, rep'ng locks	3.50	
Daniel Derr, gas fittings	5.35	
W. S. Galbraith, plumbing	9.80	
W. T. Twitmire, repairs at jail	7.40	
D. Eberhart, repairs at jail	1.91	
J. Reynolds & Son, water back and grate	10	
Penn R. R. Co, freight on water back and grate	68	
Jno. McDermott, removing ashes	75	
Frank Johnson, cleaning pipes	50	
J. S. Mallory, repairing bedsteads	4.00	
Alvin Brady, cleaning pipes	75	
Wm. Lucas, repairs at stable	11.50	
Wm. Gares, repairs at cells	1.00	
H. O. Hoffer, spittoons for "	4.00	
	5.05	
	7.00	
		365.78

Printing Bills.

F. L. Hutters, adm'rs bill	192.81	
E. T. Tuten	59.15	
Shugert & Foster	214.51	
Fred Kurtz	51.50	
Walter & Deininger	50.00	
E. C. Bender	50.00	
		617.97

Bridges.

Bridge views	$ 35.20	
Murray, Dougal & Co, balance of account from 1878	1,284.40	
Milesburg bridge—		
Murray, Dougal & Co, for iron bridge	$2,589.80	
Jonas Spearing, contractor	950.00	
Samuel Brugger, engineer	124.26	
Geo. Rider, for railing at ends	5.80	
	3,669.86	
Unionville bridge—		
G. W. Forrey, contractor	470.00	
Samuel Brugger, engineer	18.00	
	488.00	
Spring Mills Bridge—		
John Coldron, contractor	60.00	
Port Matilda Bridge—		
Jonas Spearing, contractor	765.00	
Samuel Brugger, engineer	75.64	
	840.64	
Repairs at Unionville bridge	23.83	
Repairs at Karthaus bridge	12.00	
Repairs at Beech Creek bridge	29.97	
Signs and finger boards on iron bridges	154.93	
Repairs at Howard dam bridge	429.47	
Repairs at Julian bridge	1.00	
Repairs at Curtin bridge	8.00	
Commissioners' expenses to bridges	40.58	
	7,929.88	

Ordinary Expenses.

Teachers Institute	$144.24	
Western Penitentiary	343.04	
Road damages	75.00	
D. A. Musser, bal. of act	824.27	
Agricultural Society	100.00	
Jno. Spangler, Sheriff on act	1,594.72	
J. H. Dobbins, sal'y as jail phy	100.00	
J. R. & C. T. Alexander, coal for Court House and Jail	699.30	
L. L. Brown	110.61	
Potter Twp, on case lunacy	21.25	
Ferguson " "	22.60	
Worth " "	5.00	
Rush " "	15.00	
Assessors pay	1,273.00	
C. M. Bower, Com's attorney	75.00	
Road views	570.40	
Running line between Union and Benner townships	54.00	
Running Marion twp. line	200.63	
Constable's pay	418.51	
Election expenses	1,340.45	
Scalp premiums	1,535.60	
Redemption U. S. Lands	283.55	
Refunding tax	24.27	
Insurance on county buildings	115.50	
Interest on loans paid	3,122.89	
Commissions on lunacy	31.32	
Inquisitions on dead bodies	62.12	
Notes paid	16,161.63	
Premiums to collectors	25.00	
Commission to C. M. Bower for collections made	153.01	
Tax paid on real estate held by county	5.15	
Hospital for insane, Danville	2,624.91	
Robert McKnight, gas bills	143.50	
L. L. Beck, copying registrations	30.00	
J. P. Gephart, acknowledging Comm'r's. deeds	50.00	
Books and stationery for Commissioner's office	22.92	
Jos. W. Sanderson, for Judges chairs	60.00	
Reeder and Keller, clerks election returns	10.00	
Ira C. Mitchell, attorneys fee in 7 cases	21.00	
H. A. Mingle, services at Auditor's sett	6.00	
J. N. Hall, services at Auditor's sett	2.00	
Adams Express Company, frieght on blanks, etc	4.20	
Penn'a R. R. Co., freight on chairs, etc	4.12	
Dan'l. Garman, recals for jurors and hire	15.00	
W. T. Twitmire, repairs at stores	12.40	
Jno. T. Johnston, postage, envelopes, etc	36.07	
H. Beck, entering 88 cases in Docket	13.54	
Jno. McDermott, removing ashes at Court House	3.00	
J. S. Mallory, repairing gate C. H.	4.00	
Lieb & Garbrick, ice for "	3.50	
Williams & Bro., glazing at "	2.60	
Costs in county vs. Phillipsburg Borough	20.62	
Wm. Mann and others, books for offices	143.85	
J. C. Harper, repairs at Prothy's office	2.82	
W. A. Morrison, Com. Pleas cost	19.02	
Harper Bros., bill carpet C. H.	24.15	
J. Harris & Co. bill hose, &c. "	25.80	
W. A. Schroyer, covering tables at Court House	6.00	
Sndry persons, for soap, bind.g carpet, etc	2.75	
D. Everhart, repairing at Recorder's office	1.50	
Wilson, McFarlane & Co., hardware at Court House	11.35	
Wood for Court House	3.25	
Mrs. Haller, scrubbing office	1.00	
Jno. Brackbill, stools for "	1.00	
	32,565.73	
Total expenditures	$53,264.73	

JOHN SPANGLER, SHERIFF, IN ACCOUNT WITH CENTRE COUNTY, JAN. 1, 1880.

DR.

To county orders rec'd on account	$1,700.00	
To costs received	61.57	
Balance	754.76	
	$2,516.33	

CR.

By boarding prisoners 3,197 days, at 40 cts	$1,278.80	
" 94 turnkey fees at 80cts	75.20	
" conveying 6 prisoners to penitentiary, 4 at $40.00 and 2 at $20.00 each	220.00	
By conveying C. Price to house of refuge	48.56	
" conveying 5 to insane asylum at $40.00 each	200.00	
" publishing Court proclamation Jan. term	28.50	
" publishing court proclamation April term	24.00	
" publishing court proclation, Aug. term	19.00	
" publishing court proclamation, Nov. term	27 .40	
" publishing court proclation, Jan. term, 1880	19.00	
" publishing Sheriff's court proclamation 4 courts	4.00	
" publishing fish proclamation	9.05	
" general election proclamation	4.00	
" summoning jury, March special term	14.00	
" summoning jury, April term	24.00	
" summoning jury, Aug. term	26.00	
" summoning jury, Oct. special term	34.00	
" summoning jury, Nov. term	47.00	
" summoning jury, Jan. term, 1880	40.00	
" bill lumber		
" etc., for jury, soap, spoons,		
" filling a[illegible]l	35.06	
" ticks at [illegible]d mending 42		
" costs [illegible]0 cts	21.00	
" April [illegible]n Fi Fa, No. 20,		
" Sund[illegible] term	2.19	
" " [illegible]ry costs, Jan. term	14.58	
" Co " Aug. "	18.29	
" D[illegible]mmonwealth costs	53.74	
" F. Fortney's order	34.25	
" removing fish baskets Penn, Pine, and Elk creeks	42.59	
" removing fish baskets Spring creek	10.40	
" removing fish baskets Logans Branch	4.08	
" removing fish baskets River	51.52	
" removing fish baskets Moshannon	43.50	
" filling jury wheel 4 days	16.00	
" expenses after Ringgold and Bomgardner	27.62	
	$2,516.33	
By balance due Sheriff at settlement, Jan. 1 1880	$754.76	

State of Penn'a. } SS.
Centre county. }

We, the undersigned, Auditors of Centre county, do hereby certify that in pursuance of an act of Assembly, entitled "An act relating to counties and townships and county and township officers," we met at the Commissioners' office, in Bellefonte, on the 1st Monday in January, 1880, and did audit and settle and adjust the sever-

al accounts set forth in the foregoing statement.
In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands and seal this 23d day of January, 1880.

T. B. JAMISON, [S.L.]
JAMES T. STUART, [S.L.] Auditors.
GEO. R. WILLIAMS, [S.L.]

TAXES OUTSTANDING AND DUE THE COUNTY BY COLLECTORS.

1871		
*H Carton, Bellefonte	$ 207 28	$ 207 28
1872		
*John Ward, Half Moon	256 97	
*D Robb, Liberty	14 52	271 49
1873		
*Daniel Malone, Boggs	7 61	
*L C Rerick Marion	36 07	43 68
1874		
*Joseph Fox, Bellefonte	973 11	
*William Riddles, Philipsburg	845 93	
*Fred Kerchoff, Curtin	123 28	
*William Cross, Half Moon	8 72	
*H B Wilcox, Rush	558 11	
*D H Yeager, Snow Shoe	75 75	2584 90
1875		
*Charles Brown, Bellefonte	768 83	
*J P Shope, Milesburg	223 99	
*H L Barnhart, Boggs	55 91	
*Jno. T Lucas, Curtin	29 11	
*H B Wilcox, Rush	76 74	
*James Watson, Snow Shoe	84 69	1239 18
1876		
*J H Morrison, Bellefonte	652 52	
*T M Hall, Milesburg	144 37	
*W C McCutcheon, Philipsb'rg	18 51	
*William Mann, Curtin	4 32	
*David Harter, Marion	240 09	
*William Weiser, Penn	324 37	
*G W Koch, Potter	753 66	
*John Noll, Spring	381 18	2518 42
1877		
†R L Shirk, Milesburg	176 22	
†Jackson Gorton, Phillipsburg	179 66	
H C Holter, Howard	125 46	
Uriah Stover, Penner	395 96	
†J C Walker, Boggs	315 10	
Emanuel Musser, College	434 02	
†Conrad Singer, Curtin	137 52	
W H Fry, Ferguson	1681 83	
John Myers, Harris	277 09	
Geo. Gensamer, Half Moon	446 54	
J M Kline, Howard	358 72	
David Robb, Liberty	409 63	
D W Orr, Marion	254 87	
Joel Morris, Miles	197 50	
G W F Gray, Patton	316 85	
William Smith, Penn	102 38	
†Henry Swab, Potter	758 37	
F H Dale, Rush	84 60	
H J Tibbins, Spring	927 83	
William Miller, Taylor	107 68	
†J T Dunkle, Walker	183 93	
†W H Williams, Worth	57 19	7927 75
1878		
William Jones, Bellefonte	595 58	
E H Carr, Milesburg	199 00	
E O Mattern, Philipsburg	470 97	
Sam'l Brickley, Howard boro'	182 12	
†Chas. Smith, Unionville	11 66	
Thomas Perdue, Benner	1087 21	
†J C Walker, Boggs	882 23	
†Jno. A Rupp, College	720 08	
Henry Thiel, Curtin	134 86	
John H Gates, Ferguson	653 30	
†C P Leitzell, Gregg	1221 23	
D H Rote, Haines	171 16	
Jno. Carper Jr., Harris	364 70	
Ellis Lytle, Half Moon	81 49	
†John Craig, Huston	291 91	
D M Burlew, Liberty	248 02	
†William Irvin, Marion	636 44	
†Wm. Tressler, Patton	459 36	
John D Foote, Penn	1502 67	
Jas. C Boal, Potter	529 31	
F H Dale, Rush	658 26	
†A J Swartz, Spring	1693 64	
Jos. Thompson, Snow Shoe	126 76	
Samuel Hoover, Taylor	293 09	
†Kline Zimmerman, Walker	504 09	
Samuel Stephens, Worth	199 71	13900 30
1879		
†A C Musser, Millheim	435 64	
†Dan'l Ayers, Philipsburg	562 03	
A N Russell, Unionville	229 16	
†W A Taylor, Benner	1556 54	
J M Stewart, Burnside	192 63	
J C Walker, Boggs	1161 56	
†Wm Foster, College	2454 67	
†Henry Thiel, Curtin	230 44	
†Geo. W Kichline, Ferguson	2884 05	
†Cyrus Lose, Gregg	3092 73	
†Jacob Bower, Jr., Haines	1564 47	
J H Griffin, Half Moon	894 12	
†D W Kline, Huston	378 73	
†J M Kline, Howard twp	352 85	
†C A Corter, Liberty	698 57	
†J J Hoy, Marion	1194 52	
Geo B Haines, Miles	1601 35	
†Daniel Heckman, Patton	1046 75	
†C Alexander, Penn	1343 72	
†J W Messinger, Potter	2568 12	
†John B Long, Rush	518 15	
†John Garbrick, Spring	2446 88	
†Sam'l Boyer, Snow Shoe	302 24	
Jno. T Fowler, Taylor	392 86	
Wm. Spotts, Union	204 78	
†David Yocum, Walker	2390 26	
†Geo. R Williams, Worth	295 33	
†William Miles, Milesburg	428 35	
†Robert Cook, Jr., Howard bro	320 30	
†J M Keichline, Bellefonte	3946 56	
†Benjamin Stamm, Harris twp	1723 00	38321 35

Total taxes outstanding $67023 36
*In hands of attorney for collection.
†Paid in full since Jan. 1st.
‡Paid in part since Jan. 1st.

FINANCIAL CONDITION OF CENTRE CO., JAN. 1 1880.

To notes and bonds outstanding $93,564.70
" balance due John Spangler, Sheriff 734.76
" balance due Geo Swab 49.50
" balance due Jac. Dunkle 187.50
$94,556.46.

To balance due by Centre Co. $7,815.59
By amount in hands of Co. Treasurer ..... $ 3,727.17
" notes of sundry persons held by Commissioners. 2,400.00
" notes in hands of A Hoy for collection 1,827.32
" notes in hands of C M Bower for collection 1,058.10
" taxes outstanding Jan. 1, 1880 ..... 67,023.36
" amount due from boroughs and townships for insane bills, as follows:
" Rush twp 111.32
" Philipsburg boro 2,811.15
" Benner twp 405.49
" Spring twp 2,199.15
" Milesburgboro 277.90
" Huston twp 896.07
" Bellefonte boro 1,813.22
" Potter twp 121.12
" Worth twp 125.25
" Liberty twp 179.78
" Ferguson twp 147.65
" College twp 219.44
" Partridge Est, ... 70.00
" bal. due from A Gregg 173.74
" bal. due from L W Munson. 293.24
" Real estate held by county. 419.64
" Balance from Clearfield Co's (common pleas costs). 439.96
" Harris twp. fire commission 20.00
" balance 7,815.59
$94,556.46

CENTRE COUNTY, SS.

We the undersigned, Commissioners of Centre county, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the receipts and expenditures of said county, from Jan. 1, 1879, to Jan. 1, 1880. Witness our hands.

AND. GREGG,)
GEORGE SWAB, } Com'rs.
JAC. DUNKLE,)

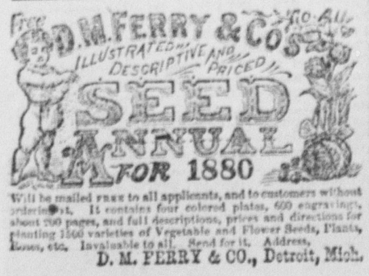
Attest: HENRY BECK, Clerk.

Dress Making.

PLAIN, FANCY SEWING
—AND—
LACE WORK.

MRS. JANE HALEY, opposite the Cemetery, takes this method to solicit from the people of Bellefonte work.
Can do
PLAIN & FANCY SEWING
OR LACE WORK.

Any person having such work to do can have it done well by Mrs. Haley, and at the same time help a worthy, door woman. 3-tf



Will be mailed FREE to all applicants, and to customers without ordering it. It contains four colored plates, 600 engravings, about 200 pages, and full descriptions, prices and directions for planting 1500 varieties of Vegetable and Flower Seeds, Plants, Roses, etc. Invaluable to all. Send for it. Address,
D. M. FERRY & CO., Detroit, Mich.

Lumber.

P.B. CRIDER & SON,

MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS IN

LUMBER

Building Material.

MILLS AT SNOW SHOE. YARD AT BELLEFONTE
10-16 1y

Planing Mill.

Henry W. Foutz,
(Successor to McClellan & Speer)
PROPRIETOR OF
BELLEFONTE
PLANING MILL

MANUFACTURERS OF
Sash
Doors,
Sidings.
Floorings,
Mouldings,
Scroll Work,
Stairs
Building Material,
Cottage Bedsteads,

Frame Work, and all styles of work generally found in a first-class planing mill.

HENRY W. FOUTZ,
10 23 6m Bellefonte, Pa.

Drugs and Medicines.

ESTABLISHED. 1853. ESTABLISHED 1853.
F. P. GREEN,
DRUGGIST,

Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family recipes. 6 1 1y

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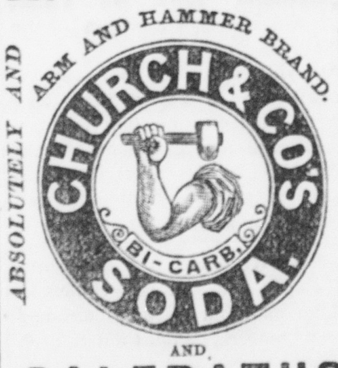


ABSOLUTELY PURE. CHEMICALLY PURE.

AND
SALERATUS
Which is the same thing.

Impure Saleratus or Bi-Carb Soda (which is the same thing) is of a slightly dirty white color. It may appear white, examined by itself, but a COMPARISON WITH CHURCH & CO'S "ARM AND HAMMER" BRAND will show the difference.

See that your Saleratus and Baking Soda is white and PURE, as should be ALL SIMILAR SUBSTANCES used for food.

A simple but severe test of the comparative value of different brands of Soda or Saleratus is to dissolve a dessert spoonful of each kind with about a pint of water (hot preferred) in clear glasses, stirring until all is thoroughly dissolved The deleterious insoluble matter in the inferior Soda will be shown after settling some twenty minutes or sooner, by the milky appearance of the solution and the quantity of floating flocky matter according to quality.

Be sure and ask for Church & Co.'s Soda and Saleratus and see that their name is on the package and you will get the purest and whitest made. The use of this with sour milk, in preference to Baking Powder, saves twenty times its cost.

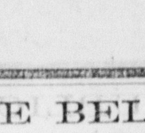
See one pound package for valuable information and read carefully.

SHOW THIS TO YOUR GROCER.

12-3-3t-eow.

Miscellaneous.

BOOKS FOR THE MILLION



A large, new and complete Guide to Wedlock, containing, with many others, the following chapters: A complete Woman hood, Selection of Wife, Evidences of Virginity, Temperaments, Compatible and Incompatible, Sterility in women, cause and treatment, Advice to Bridegroom, Advice to Husbands, Advice to Wives, Prostitution, Its causes, Celibacy and Matrimony compared, Conjugal duties, Conception, Confinement, Love and Courtship, Impediments to Marriage, in male and female, Science of Reproduction, Single life considered, Law of Marriage, Law of Divorce, Legal rights of married women, etc., including Diseases peculiar to Women, their cause and treatment. A book for private and confidential reading, of 320 pages, with full Plate Engravings, by mail, sealed, for 50 cents.

"The Private Medical Adviser"
on Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Varicocele, etc., also on Spermatorrhœa, Sexual Debility, from Self-abuse and Excesses, causing Nervousness, Aversion to Society, Confusion of Ideas, Physical decay, Dimness of sight, Defective Memory, Loss of Sexual Power, etc., making marriage improper or unhappy, giving treatment, and a great many valuable receipts for the cure of all private diseases; same size, over 50 plates, 50 cents.

"Medical Advice,"
a lecture on Manhood and Womanhood, 10 cents; or all three in one nicely bound volume, $1. They contain 800 pages and over 100 illustrations, embracing everything on the generative system that is worth knowing, and much that is not published in any other work. The combined volume is positively the best Popular Medical Book published, and these classified after getting it, can have their money refunded. The Author is an experienced physician of many years' practice, (as is well known,) and the advice given, and Rules for treatment laid down, will be found of great value to those suffering from imprudities of the system, early errors, lost vigor, or any of the numerous troubles coming under the head of "Private" or "Chronic" Diseases. Sent in single volumes, or complete in one, for Price in Stamps, Silver or Currency. (Consultation confidential, and letters are promptly and frankly answered without charge.) Address, Dr. Butts' Dispensary, 12 North 8th Street, St. Louis, Mo. (Established, 1847.)

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DR. BUTTS invites all persons suffering from RUPTURE to send him their name and address, and hereby assures them that they will learn something to their advantage —It is Not a Truss.

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FOR SPERMATORRHŒA.
—THE—
"SEMINAL PASTILLE."

SHAPE & SIZE OF A SEMINAL PASTILLE.

A Valuable Discovery and New Departure in Medical Science, an entirely New and positively effective Remedy for the speedy and permanent Cure of Seminal Emissions and Impotency by the only Direct Application to the principal Seat of the Disease, acting by Absorption, and exerting its specific influence on the Seminal Vesicles, Ejaculatory Ducts, Prostate Gland and Urethra. The use of the Remedy is attended with no pain or inconvenience, it is quickly dissolved and soon absorbed, producing an immediate soothing and restorative effect upon the sexual and nervous organs thus wrecked from self-abuse and excesses, stopping the drain from the system, restoring the mind to health and sound memory, removing the Dimness of Sight, Nervous Debility, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion to Society, etc. etc., and the appearance of premature old age usually accompanying this trouble, and restoring perfect Sexual Vigor, where it has been destroyed for years. This mode of treatment has stood the test in very severe cases, and is now a pronounced success. Drugs are too much prescribed in these troubles, and, as many can bear witness to, with but little, if any permanent good. There is no nonsense about this preparation. Practical observation enables us to positively guarantee that it will give satisfaction. —During the eight years that it has been in general use, we have thousands of testimonials as to its value, and it is now conceded by the Medical Profession to be the most rational means yet discovered, of reaching and curing this very prevalent trouble, that is well known to be the cause of untold misery to so many, and upon whom quacks prey with their useless nostrums and big fees. The Remedy is put up in a neat box, containing a full month's treatment, which will convince the most sceptical that they can be restored to perfect manhood, and fitted for the duties of life, same as if never affected. Sent Sealed for stamp to any one. Sold ONLY by the

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$300 A MONTH guaranteed. $12 a day at home made by the industrious. Capital not required; we will start you. Men, women, boys and girls make money faster at work for us than at anything else. The work is light and pleasant, and such as anyone can go right at. Those who are wise who see this notice will send us their addresses at once and see for themselves. Costly outfit and terms free. Now is the time. Those already at work are laying up large sums of money. Address, TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. 1-24-1y

Is a compound of the virtues of sarsaparilla, stillingia, mandrake, yellow dock, with the iodide of potash and iron, all powerful blood-making, blood-cleansing, and life-sustaining elements. It is the purest, safest, and in every way the most effectual alterative medicine known or available to the public. The sciences of medicine and chemistry have never produced so valuable a remedy, nor one so potent to cure all diseases resulting from impure blood. It cures **Scrofula**, and all **scrofulous diseases, Erysipelas, Rose, or St. Anthony's Fire, Pimples and Facegrubs, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Tumors, Tetter, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scald-head, Ringworm, Ulcers, Sores, Rheumatism, Mercurial Disease, Neuralgia, Female Weaknesses and Irregularities, Jaundice, Affections of the Liver, Dyspepsia, Emaciation, and General Debility.**

By its searching and cleansing qualities it purges out the foul corruptions which contaminate the blood, and cause derangement and decay. It stimulates and enlivens the vital functions. It promotes energy and strength. It restores and preserves health. It infuses new life and vigor throughout the whole system. No sufferer from any disease whicharises from impurity of the blood need despair, who will give AYER'S SARSAPARILLA a fair trial. Remember, the earlier the trial, the speedier the cure.

Its recipe has been furnished to physicians everywhere; and they, recognizing its superior qualities, administer it in their practice.

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Practical and Analytical Chemists,
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SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

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Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.
(Formerly Dr. Warner's Kidney Cure.)

A vegetable preparation and the **only sure remedy** in the world for **Bright's Disease, Diabetes, and ALL Kidney, Liver, and Urinary Diseases.**

☞ Testimonials of the highest order in proof of these statements.

☞ For the cure of **Diabetes**, call for **Warner's Safe Diabetes Cure.**

☞ For the cure of **Bright's** and the other diseases, call for **Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.**

WARNER'S SAFE BITTERS.

It is the best **Blood Purifier**, and stimulates every function to more healthful action, and is thus a benefit in all diseases.

It cures **Scrofulous** and other **Skin Eruptions** and Diseases, including **Cancers, Ulcers,** and other **Sores.**

Dyspepsia, Weakness of the Stomach, Constipation, Dizziness, General Debility, etc., are cured by the **Safe Bitters.** It is unequaled as an appetizer and regular tonic.

Bottles of two sizes; prices, **50c.** and **$1.00.**

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Quickly gives **Rest** and **Sleep** to the suffering, cures **Headache** and **Neuralgia,** prevents **Epileptic Fits,** and relieves **Nervous Prostration** brought on by excessive drink, overwork, mental shocks, and other causes.

Powerful as it is to stop pain and soothe disturbed Nerves, it never injures the system, whether taken in small or large doses.

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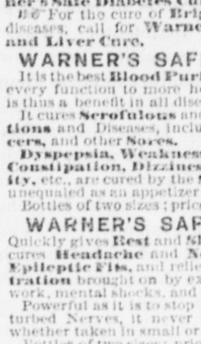
Are an immediate and active stimulus for a Torpid Liver, and cure Costiveness, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Diarrhœa, Malaria, Fever and Ague, and should be used whenever the bowels do not operate freely and regularly. No other Pills require such small doses for thorough work. Price 25 cts. a box. Warner's Safe Remedies are sold by Druggists & Dealers in Medicine everywhere.



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DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR is a Standard Family Remedy for diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.—It is Purely Vegetable.—It never Debilitates—It is Cathartic and Tonic.

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The Liver is the seat of diseases. The Liver Invigorator protects the system from Miasmatic influences. It Purifies the Blood, Regulates the Bowels, Assists Digestion, and Strengthens the System. The Liver Invigorator promotes Healthy action; its use must be kept in order; it causes Bilious Attacks, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Seasickness, and other Disorders; its use will prevent Jaundice, Bowel Complaints, and other Disorders.

The Liver Invigorator has been used in my practice and by the public, for more than 35 years, with unprecedented results.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.
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JAMES HARRIS & CO.,
ARE SELLING VERY LOW
REAPER SECTIONS AND REPAIRS,
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RAKES FORKS SCYTHES CRADLES, SPROUT'S HAY FORKS, ETC., ETC.,
ROPE BLOCKS, ETC.
As well as all kinds of HARDWARE, to meet all demands in this line. 25

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No man is safe who has a rupture, no matter how insignificant he may consider it, for every man who has died from it once flattered himself that it was but a trifling ailment; and every man who now suffers from and the injury of trusses, to such an extent that life has no enjoyments, once regarded it as unworthy special attention. It is not a stand-still affliction; it is progressive, even unto death. References given to gentlemen in the city, who have been cured. During treatment no hindrance from 1 hor. Patients from abroad can receive treatment and leave for home the same day.

HIS BOOK ON RUPTURE

gives the most reliable proofs from distinguished professional gentlemen, clergymen and merchants of his successful practice and popularity therefrom throughout this country and the West Indies. The afflicted should read it and inform themselves of the certainty of being cured.

It is illustrated with photographic likenesses of extremely bad cases before and after cure, and mailed to those who send 10 cents. Save this, and remember in writing or calling the address is

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CAUTION—The reputation of DR. J. A. SHERMAN, attained from 40 years successful practice has started around the country **pretenders** who assume to be the original Dr. Sherman famous for the cure of Rupture. Two of these parties an old and young man recently turned up in Boston; they duped several by their *Fraudulent Advertisements*; when detected, suit was brought, but the fellows ran away leaving sorrowful victims, room rent, board bills and newspapers unpaid. Since then they have been discovered at 241 Broadway, New York, where they recently, by base deceptions, defrauded an aged Clergyman. 12-4 4t.

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KIDNEY DISEASES,
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BECAUSE IT ACTS ON THE LIVER, THE BOWELS AND KIDNEYS AT THE SAME TIME.

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3

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Improved Stabling and Careful Hostlers. Low Special Rates for Jurymen and Witnesses. Cleanliness, Comfort and Table unexcelled.

NO DISCRIMINATION

against the Producers, than whom none are more worthy, or more entitled to attention. The Bush House having over three times the capacity of other hotels, there is no occasion or disposition to place the guests in attic rooms. This accounts for its growing Local Trade. We do not trust your horses to the care and profit of parties disconnected with the ho el.

J. H. MYERS, Proprietor.
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COLUMBIA HOUSE,
Nos. 111 and 113 North Broad Street (above Arch
PHILAD'A.

Opposite Academy of Fine Arts; three squares from Academy of Music; one square from Public Buildings and Masonic Temple.
18-1y JOEL HUTTON, Proprietor

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

Local Department.

—Last Sunday, the 22d, was Washington's birthday.

—Parnell did not work up much enthusiasm in Altoona.

—"Comparatively seldom ever" is the new Pinafore phrase.

—Mr. D. H. Parker, one of Philipsburg's best citizens, paid us a pleasant visit on Wednesday last.

—It is generally admitted that the ground hog has ruined his reputation.

—We wonder what the attraction is that draws so many Bellefonte young men Philipsburgward.

—The executive committee of the Y. M. C. A. held a special meeting on Friday evening of last week.

—Mr. Samuel Otto, one of the oldest residents of Millheim, looked into our sanctum one day last week.

—Haydn's "Creation," at Humes' Hall, to-morrow night. Don't fail to attend, as it will be a rich treat.

—The hopes of getting the glass-works into blast again are blasted, for the present, which is blasted mean.

—Here's sweetness. A Somerset county woman has made over seven hundred pounds of maple sugar this season.

—Rev. Edgar, of Miles township, is prospecting in Kansas, with the view to settling there in case everything turns out favorable.

—The Osborne comedy company showed to a slim audience at the Opera House last week. The verdict of those who attended is not at all flattering.

—Go where you will you will hear the praises of Harry Green's cigars sung. Veteran smokers declare them the best that can be found in this section.

—We did not hear of a single physical encounter occurring on election day. Our streets were free from all such scenes, which is not generally the case.

—Mr. Ed. Humes has severed his connection with the First National Bank, of this place, and is now in the employ of Hoover, Harris & Co., Philipsburg.

—J. H. Vosburg, Esq., of this place, fractured his left arm by being thrown from a sled at Lock Haven last week, at which place he was attending court.

—Lock Haven has a line of street cars, through the enterprise of Mr. Peter Meitzler, of that place. The little lumber city is bound to be ahead in something.

—Mr. John Zeigler, of Haines township, lost another child from diptheria last week, making the third that has died from this fatal disease within a few months.

—Mr. Walter Zeigler has disposed of his drug store to Mr. John Harris, formerly engaged in the drug business in his place. The new proprietor has taken possession.

—The manufacturers of clothing in Philadelphia turn out 20,000,000 suits a year, and yet we saw a man go up the railroad track yesterday morning with scarcely enough cloth around him to cover a good sized pin cushion.

—The board walk on Lamb street, between Spring and Water, has been substantially repaired. This walk has long been in a rickety and unsafe condition, and the residents in that section feel very grateful for the change.

—Over, of the Hollidaysburg *Register*, is the second choice for the Presidency of a correspondent of the New York *Tribune*, writing from Blair county. Now, if the thing isn't Over done, possibly we can rush Over through.

—Some of our farmer friends are of the opinion that farm hands will be paid higher wages next summer than for several years past. If this turns out to be the case we believe we will lay our quill on the shelf, and hire out for the season.

—The members of Shiloh church, a branch of Rev. Yutzy's Boalsburg Lutheran charge, have shown their respect and warm feelings for that gentleman by presenting him with a handsome set of buggy harness, a useful and substantial gift.

—A man starved to death in Erie a few weeks ago. Now, if his food had been prepared from articles purchased at the famous grocery store of Sechler & Co. he might now be alive and enjoying good health. Pure, substantial food has a great deal to do with good health. Sechler & Co. keep none but the purest goods.

Concert at Milesburg.

The second grand concert of the Milesburg Musical Association took place on Saturday evening last, in the Baptist church of that place, and like the first one, given a few weeks ago, proved a very enjoyable entertainment to all those who were present. The evening was cold and blustering, and a light fall of snow in the morning made the traveling rather disagreeable; but notwithstanding this the church was well filled by an appreciative audience, among whom we noticed a number of people from a distance, which speaks well for the popularity of the organization. The programme presented was lengthy and varied, embracing choruses, quartets, trios, solos, etc., and was effectively carried out, showing much practice and careful training. We have not the space, on account of its length, to make special mention of all the good things on the programme. "Hardly Ever," a selection from "Pinafore," by the entire class, brought forth rounds of applause, and "Call John," solo and chorus, a humorous production, although not new, took well, especially by the younger portion of the audience. "Come where the Lillies Bloom," a beautiful song, both in words and melody, was finely rendered by a quartet, and repeated by request. "The Blue Alsatian Mountains," a solo by Miss Eddy, was well received. Miss Eddy possesses a strong, clear voice, and exercises good control over it. Mr. Frank Keller, of this place, whose services had been engaged to aid in the enterprise, treated the audience to two bass solos, "The Old Sexton" and "The Tempest," both of which were rendered in his most effective style, and were warmly applauded. The other selections were equally well executed, and reflected much credit on the instructor and instructed. Miss Eddy presided at the instrument, and the easy and graceful manner in which she manipulated the key-board is sufficient proof of her ability as an organist. It is hardly necessary to add that, under Mr. L. T. Eddy's leadership and direction, assisted by his brother, Mr. Ira C. Eddy, of Lock Haven, a vocalist of considerable note, the concert was admirably conducted, and gave good satisfaction. A number of persons from Bellefonte attended the concert, and speak in the highest terms of the entertainment.

—The committee on transportation and music of the Juniata Valley Printer's Association held a meeting at Altoona on Saturday, Feb. 14. Chairman Conrad, C. Dern and N. C. Barclay, secretary and treasurer were present. The accounts for the past year were audited, and it was found that the entire receipts from initiation fees were $134. The expenses were: For printing, $10.50; Altoona City band, $50; orchestra band, $11; meals for Band, $27; refunded on overpaid dues, $4.50; Prof. A. L. Guss, $10; N. C. Barclay, secretary, $5; postage and incidental expenses, $4.31; leaving balance in hand, $11.69, which has been turned over to Frank Willoughby, treasurer of the association. The committee then adjourned *sine die*.

—At the meeting of the Town Council, on Monday evening of last week, a motion was made by Mr. William Shortlidge that a fence be built from Spring creek bridge running in each direction along Water street, to prevent passers-by and teamsters from being precipitated into the creek, which result, especially on dark nights, is liable to happen at any time. The motion was seconded and agreed to. The Street Committee recommended that a compensation of 40 cents be allowed the lamp-lighter for lighting and keeping clean each coal oil lamp, which recommendation was also agreed to.

—The Centre *Reporter* says: It is reported to us that at a revival meeting in Sugar Valley, last week, a participant who lay upon the floor received fatal injuries by another brother stamping upon his extremities. We have no further particulars, and trust the report may prove unfounded.

—Lewistown has a new paper, the *Free Press*, published by W. W. Trout. Mr. Trout is assisted in the publication by A. H. Shimp, formerly employed at this office. The new journal is a patent inside, and independent in politics.

—Madame Rentz's minstrel troupe anchored at the Bush House, and were well pleased with the accommodations.

—Go to Sechler's for your groceries, spices, preserved fruits, etc., which will be found pure and fresh.

—Mrs. Harry Brew, of Tyrone, is spending a few days with her parents in this place.

—The glass works excitement has subsided.

A Word to our Young Men.

We have heard it remarked that nearly two-thirds of the young men of Bellefonte, between the ages of fifteen and twenty one, spend nearly, if not quite, all their leisure time in lounging about billiard saloons and tobacco stores, and traveling about the streets with no fixed destination nor with any particular purpose in view. We don't think it is quite as bad as this, still there is more truth in the statement than we like to admit. There are certainly a good many young men and boys here, particularly the latter, who spend the bulk of their time in frequenting such places of resort, and we doubt if there is another town in the State, of the same size, where there is so much street walking as in Bellefonte. This is a bad showing, especially for a town that offers such inducements to young men to keep out of harm's reach as does Bellefonte. If we had no places where our youth could assemble and pass away their leisure hours in pleasant occupation, there might be some excuse for the prevalence of this evil, but no such state of affairs exist in Bellefonte. The Young Men's Christian Association rooms are open to everybody two or three nights in the week, and the excellent library is at the disposal of all who wish to read good books. The Centennial Temperance Club, and other organizations we might mention, afford opportunies for our young men to spend their spare time in an agreeable and profitable manner, and it will be to their best interest to take advantage of them.

—The district Sunday-school convention, held at Aaronsburg on Monday of last week, was a very pleasant gathering and well attended. Mr. Austin Curtin, President of the Centre County Sunday-school Association, presided over the meeting, and was assisted by a number of prominent Sunday-school men in the county. The exercises consisted of singing, select readings, speech-making, etc., and were very interesting and instructive.

—The preparatory department of the Pennsylvania State College offers *free* instruction to all. It is thoroughly organized, and embraces a wide range of studies such as will prepare its students either for successful work in the Collegiate Department or for the duties of intelligent citizens and competent business men in all vocations of life. For full information, address the President, State College, Centre county, Pa.

—The Garman House, the "old reliable," offers first-class accommodations to commercial travelers and others visiting Bellefonte. Many years of experience has given the proprietor of this popular house abundant opportunities of judging of the wants of the traveling public, and his patrons and guests, whether rich or poor, always receive the very best of attention.

—The *Watchman* thinks the Democratic leaders in the South ward are entitled to a premium for allowing their ticket to get whipped. This is unjust. The Democrat is "Stalwarts" in that ward are not to blame for what they were powerless to prevent. When the Republicans get down to business they can lay their opponents out every time in that locality.

—Mr. George Thomas, who has been farming it in Benner township for two or three years, has shaken the farm dust from his boots and moved back to Bellefonte. He has taken up his residence in Reynold's Bank building, Allegheny street.

—Centre Hall's musical convention did not take place last week. The church members put a damper on the movement by refusing to allow the convention to be held in the churches. Centre Hall needs a public hall very badly.

—In addition to cows and swine we notice that horses are beginning to roam about the streets. All we lack now of having a full quorum is a few goats and a flock of sheep.

—Men who spend their leisure time reading on Sunday should lay in a supply of Harry Green's cigars Saturday night if they wish to enjoy solid comfort.

—A paint shop has been opened in the room adjoining Anderson's saloon opposite the Bush House, by Messrs. Lamb & Calloway, formerly of Baltimore.

—Bellefonters find the weather report, which is posted every morning at the depot, very useful and convenient.

—Tickets for Haydn's "Creation," at Humes' Hall, to-morrow evening, for sale at Miller's book store.

—A "kangaroo" winter is what an exchange calls it, because the biggest part is at the tail end.

Concerning the Y. M. C. A. Library.

We have this week a change to announce in regard to the library of the Y. M. C. A. It has been well-known by the Association that persons who desire to spend an evening in reading do not care to remain in the same room with the noisy "small boys" who congregate there, but at the same time experience has taught them that the books soon stray away and get lost if allowed to be taken from the room. At a meeting of the executive committee on Friday evening last, it was decided to throw open the fine audience room of the Association on every Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings, when all may enter and read undisturbed. Between the hours of 7 and 10 o'clock each evening a librarian will be present, in the boy's reading room, where the visitor may enter, procure the books desired and return to the well-lighted and comfortably-heated audience room. This, it is thought, will be an acceptable arrangement to those who desire to take advantage of the library, and we hope there will be no hesitation in accepting it. All are invited next Monday evening.

—Mr. E. M. Sturdevant, one of Philipsburg's most influential citizens and partner of our fellow-townsman, Mr. John Ardell, in the lumber business, was united in marriage with Miss Carrie Sayre, a very estimable lady of Williamsport, on Wednesday of last week. The wedding took place at Williamsport, and is described as having been a very brilliant affair. The bride and groom arrived in Bellefonte on Thursday to spend a few days of their honeymoon, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ardell.

The Williamsport *Gazette and Bulletin* gives the following account of the wedding:

An enjoyable party assembled at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Sayre, Almond street, on Wednesday morning last, to witness the marriage ceremony of their daughter Carrie, to Mr. E. M. Sturdevant, of Philipsburg, Centre county. Promptly at 10 o'clock the bridal party appeared, when the ceremony was performed by Rev. John Burrows, pastor of the Third Presbyterian church. Heartfelt congratulations were then received, after which choice refreshments were served. The esteem of many friends were expressed by beautiful and valuable presents. Williamsport is losing a daughter most highly gifted and accomplished, most warmly loved and admired by all; but while all deplore the loss it is felt she will adorn a brighter, and make radiant the home and life of her estimable husband (who has the best wishes of many sincere friends in this city) as she has the home of her parents, and the many homes where her presence has been a ray of sunlight. May the evergreen which so gracefully ornamented the rooms of the cottage be an emblem of many years of abiding joy to the hearts no more twain, but one.

—Hon. Clinton Lloyd, of Williamsport, delivered an able lecture in the Court House yesterday evening to a fair audience. His subject was "The House of Representatives of the United States as seen through the Spectacles of its Chief Clerk." Mr. Lloyd occupied the position of chief clerk of the House during the most exciting period of the Rebellion, and is consequently well qualified to give an interesting and detailed account of the scenes and incidents which transpired in the House at that time. He is a gentleman of very engaging manners, an easy and fluent speaker, and secured the closest attention of his audience. The proceeds were for the benefit of Gregg Post, G. A. R., of this place.

—The Lock Haven *Journal* says of the municipal election in this place last week: "The Republicans gained a big victory on Tuesday. Clement Dale., Esq., beat Senator (?) Adam Hoy for Chief Burgess, and John D. Sourbeck has been chosen Assistant Burgess in place of the *Journal* editor, who was elected to that position last spring while a resident of the town. The only official act that the *Journal* man performed was to collect a license fee from a street hawker, but the joke of the business was this: We forgot to take out our commission."

—We have received from Mr. Edward S. Wright, Warden, a copy of the fifty-third annual report of the inspectors of the State Penitentiary for Western district, located at Allegheny. It is a very neatly gotten up pamphlet, and contains a large amount of interesting statistical information.

—It is a positively guaranteed cure for diabetes, gravel, dropsy and every form of bladder and kidney trouble, Davis Kidney Pad.

—Rich, juicy steaks at Sechler & Co.'s meat market. This market is supplied with the very best beef that can be purchased.

—The result of the spring election in the townships will be found in another column of this issue.

—The spring election this year was brief, but full of life.

A Few Saturday Night Incidents.

In a half-hour's ramble about town Saturday night we picked up the following items, and probably as many more of the same nature escaped our attention. They may be thought of not much consequence, but are a fair sample of the incidents transpiring on the streets of Bellefonte on Saturday night:

A two-horse team, which had probably been anchored to a hitching post on Bishop street, broke loose and started up the street, running into a tree on the corner of Spring and Bishop. The driver, who we imagine had been sleeping off the effects of a too liberal use of "tanglefoot," was so befuddled that he didn't know whether he was driving a freight train or a hearse, and seemed to be undecided whether to move the tree or back out. He finally adopted the latter course, climbed into his perch and the horses, who probably knew their destination, went on up the hill.

We saw an aged darkey coiled up in the doorway of Hoffer's store, Bishop street, and although dressed rather cool for this season of the year, seemed to be slumbering as peacefully as though occupying the most luxurious couch.

As we passed up Allegheny street our attention was arrested by four or five excited men who were engaged in an animated discussion on the porch of Loebs' store. They were all doing their level best to explain the cause which led to the defeat of their favorite candidate at the late borough election, and the whys and wherefores were numerous. Just as we paused the tallest man in the party was appealed to, who braced himself up against a box, made a spasmodic gesture with his left hand which, it must be said, tightly held a "dark-green bottle," and said: "Gentlemen (hic), the mact of f-f-fatter is (hic) our f-feller didn't git nuf v-votes (hic)." This seemed to be accepted as the correct view, and they all proceeded to "wet up."

Two men, thoroughly soaked with "pizen," drove out Linn street in the direction of Milesburg at a lively rate, and from the hideous shouts and hoots emitted one would think they were a couple of Pawnee braves on the war path.

A suspicious looking person came down from Lamb street just as we crossed at Allegheny. He had a bundle of some kind under his coat, and seemed to be holding on to it tightly lest it get away. When he stepped off the sidewalk he made a misstep, coming down with a jerk, and just then we thought we heard a smothered squawk coming from the region of the bundle. The reader will form the same conclusion that we did.

In passing beneath an open window on Lamb street we heard a series of sounds coming from within that suggested a full-fledged family fracas, and the strong aroma that pervaded the premises left little doubt that poor whisky was the cause of the rumpus.

At Crider's lumber yard we saw two men and a boy working like beavers in collecting fuel to keep their fires blazing the coming week. Slabs, loose pieces of timber, and even boards were shouldered and carried off in a twinkling.

—J. A. Whiteman, of Pine Glenn, called upon us last Monday. Jack is a Maine man, and although he claims to be a Democrat he must not go back on Blaine should he receive the nomination at Chicago. Jack is a whole souled fellow, and is always ready to pay for his paper whenever we get short and need the collateral. When we are in need of a little soap we shall call on Jack for it.

—The ninth day of March, 1880, is the day fixed for a large number of persons to start for Kansas and the West. Through car from Bellefonte to St. Louis. For information concerning transportation, tickets, apply to William Shortlidge, agent.

—Mr. Marlin Scott, late of Brookville, now has charge of the tonsorial establishment at the Bush House. Mr. Scott is a good barber, having had years of experience in the business.

—Rev. Laurie exchanged pulpits with Rev. Sherrard, of Mifflin, on Sunday last. Rev. Sherrard is an earnest, forcible talker, and delivered two very interesting sermons.

—Mr. R. A. Bumiller, assistant editor of the Millheim *Journal*, gave us a call on Tuesday. Mr. B. reports business brisk at his end of the county.

—Hon. S. H. Yocum, who has been at home on a visit for a few days, returned to Washington on Monday to resume his seat in Congress.

—Muddy street crossings have revealed the fact that striped stockings are again coming in fashion.

Low Wages.

David Askey, from Frenchville, with one of the best teams from that town of fine horses, a noble pair of mares weighing 2,900 pounds, went to work for one Thomas McNarnie. No wages were fixed upon, Askey leaving it to the honor of his employer to pay a fair compensation. He worked two days, and when done McNarnie paid him seventy-five cents for himself and team, making the magnificent wages of thirty-seven and one-half cents per day for his work. Askey wants to know if there are any more lumbermen in that region who would like to employ himself and team at that rate. Joseph "Orange Blossom," the queer boy from Pine Glenn, gives us this information.

—Mr. Simmons, the market man, informs us that he saw a large flock of robbins, near Boiling Springs, on Saturday. The appearance of these birds, we believe, is a sign that winter's back is broken.

—Our stock of woolens for the spring and summer season of 1880 just received. Leave your orders now. Respectfully,

MONGTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

—Saturday was a curious day for weather. We had eleven snow squalls and a thaw.

—Chew Jackson's best sweet navy tobacco. vol 11-5-1y

CUT this out and hand it to your neighbor

BROWN'S DIABETIC CURE,

Established 8 years ago at Green Springs Sandusky county, Ohio, continues to be the wonder of the age in its marvelous cures of *Diabetes, Diureses, Gravel*, and all forms of *Kidney* and *Bladder* Diseases. To be convinced come or send for a circular and sworn testimony.

J. L. BROWN, M. D.,
Physician in charge.

O. J. SHUTTS, } Trustees.
S. H. SMITH, }

11-15-1y

HAPPY VOICES. (Copyrighted.)

How glad happy voices,
Like sweet Sabbath bells,
O'er the hills and the vales,
The glad story tells

of the celebrated STAR PARLOR ORGAN, manufactured by Alleger, Bowlby & Co., Washington, N. J. The finest organ for less money than any in the United States. Write to them.

Sale Register.

Persons having their bills printed at the REPUBLICAN office will secure notice of sale free of charge in this column:

March 4th.—On the premises of the late William G. Thompson, College twp., horses, cows, young cattle, farming wagons and tools, and household furniture.

March 23d.—Sale of personal property in Patton township.

March 18.—At the residence of Frank Stover Boalsburg, work horses, cows, young cattle sheep, swine, farm wagons, sleighs carriages farming implements and household furniture.

Feb. 27.—At the residence of Adam Swartz near Humes' Mill, one fresh cow, buggy and harness and household furniture.

March 24.—At the residence of J. H. Swartz, 1-2 mile west of Humes' Mill, work horses, cows, farming machinery and household furniture.

PRIVATE SALES.—William D. Smith will sell at private sale a valuable farm of 80 acres in Union twp. Good buildings on premises.

Elias Zimmerman, at Curtin's station, a farm on which there is a valuable ore mine and 50 acres of wood. P. O. address, Milesburg.

A. S. Tipton, Marsh Creek, farm on which there is 2,000,000 feet of oak and pine timber, saw-mill, etc. P. O address, Howard.

For further information in regard to above see advertisements in another column.

MARRIED.

THOMPSON—THOMPSON—At Martha Furnace, February 18th, by Rev. Rupert Hamill, D. D., James A. Thompson, M. D., of Show Shoe, to Miss Nora M., daughter of John I. Thompson, Esq., of Martha Furnace.

DIED.

NORTH—In Spring Township, Thursday, February 19th, Elizabeth Aston North, relict of the late Joseph North and a native of England, in the 80th year of her age.

FUREY—At Bellefonte, Thursday, February 19th, William Fury, aged 70 years and 29 days.

The Markets.

February 24, 1880.

The absence of snow this winter has had its effects on the business houses of our town, and made trade rather dull. The prospects for an increase of spring trade was never more promising, and the more enterprising of our merchants are looking forward with full hopes of realizing their fullest expectations.

GRAIN.

The grain market is very active, but the deliveries are light and prices are firm. There is no abatement in the competition among buyers, which keeps up prices to the highest pitch, with a fair prospect of an increase in the competition in the future. Corn and oats are in fair request, but the deliveries are light.

At Philadelphia, red wheat, $1 49; amber $1 50@1 51; white, $1 50@1 51; rye, 93; corn 57@58 for steamer; oats, mixed, 45@46; clover seed, 7@8½ cents per pound.

Beef is selling at 5 cents ₱ lb, by the side, and pork at 5 cents per pound.

QUOTATIONS.

Whitewheat per bushel	$1 35
Amber wheat	1 35
Rye per bushel	60
Corn, ear	45
Corn, shelled	50
Oats new	40
Cloverseed	$5 00@5 50
Flour, retail, per barrel	6 75@7 00
Flour, wholesale	6 75@7 00

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$15 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	14 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	6 50
Short straw per ton	5 50@6 50

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$ 9 00
Nova Scotia, ground, per ton	10 00

Provision Market.

Corrected weekly by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	10
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	25
Chickens per pound	5
Cheese per pound	20
Country hams per pound	9
Hams, sugar cured	
Bacon	6
Lard per pound	7
Eggs per doz	12½
Potatoes per bushel	25
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	25
Canned tomatoes per can	16
Lemons per doz	40
Dried sweet corn per pound	8
Small Onions per quart	